



ROYAL NICKEL CORPORATION

(Doing business as RNC Minerals)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Financial Statements

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. The Corporation's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by CPA Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.



Royal Nickel Corporation

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Royal Nickel Corporation

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

As at	June 30, 2018 \$	December 31, 2017 \$
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 1)	6,769	24,400
Amounts receivable (note 4)	4,226	5,479
Inventories (note 5)	-	4,788
Assets held for sale (note 3)	27,713	-
	38,708	34,667
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment (note 6)	1,029	23,509
Mineral property interests (note 7)	51,239	48,956
Investment in associate	1,677	1,642
Other non-current assets	53	213
Total assets	92,706	108,987
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	6,327	33,777
Share incentive plans	817	1,405
Asset retirement obligations	870	866
Current portion of long-term debt (note 8)	2,051	8,258
Current portion of convertible debentures (note 9)	20,166	3,011
Deferred revenue (note 10)	3,430	13,296
Finance leases	30	518
Derivative financial liability (note 11)	215	2,581
Liabilities related to assets held for sale (note 3)	38,371	-
	72,277	63,712
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred revenue (note 10)	-	292
Asset retirement obligation	497	1,348
Deferred income tax liability	8,053	7,809
Long-term debt (note 8)	384	4,619
Convertible debentures (note 9)	-	18,094
Finance leases	133	138
Derivative financial liability (note 11)	-	998
Other non-current liabilities and provisions	851	1,063
Total liabilities	82,195	98,073
EQUITY		
Share capital	173,842	164,158
Contributed surplus	30,070	28,868
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	875	227
Deficit	(205,935)	(192,271)
(Deficit) equity attributable to RNC shareholders	(1,148)	982
Non-controlling interests	11,659	9,932
Total equity	10,511	10,914
Total liabilities and equity	92,706	108,987

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Going concern (note 1)
Subsequent events (note 20)



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Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share and per share numbers)
(Unaudited)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue	10,269	9,625	16,546	15,768
Cost of Operations				
Production and toll-processing costs	1,610	6,330	2,851	11,232
General and administrative (note 14)	429	856	3,088	2,643
Depreciation and amortization	2,675	2,584	5,489	5,009
Operating income (loss)	5,555	(145)	5,118	(3,116)
Other income (expenses), net (note 17)	809	719	(685)	642
Income (loss) before income tax	6,364	574	4,433	(2,474)
Income tax (expense) recovery	(513)	5,341	(404)	5,277
Earnings for the period from continuing operations	5,851	5,915	4,029	2,803
Loss for the period from discontinued operations (note 3)	(6,982)	(1,001)	(17,709)	(2,311)
Net (loss) earnings for the period	(1,131)	4,914	(13,680)	492
<i>Attributable to:</i>				
<i>RNC shareholders from continuing operations</i>	<i>5,955</i>	<i>6,000</i>	<i>4,280</i>	<i>2,888</i>
<i>RNC shareholders from discontinued operations</i>	<i>(6,982)</i>	<i>(1,001)</i>	<i>(17,709)</i>	<i>(2,311)</i>
<i>Non-controlling interests</i>	<i>(104)</i>	<i>(85)</i>	<i>(251)</i>	<i>(85)</i>
Other comprehensive loss for the period				
Currency translation adjustments (loss) gains	(1,369)	179	(648)	(233)
Comprehensive (loss) earnings for the period	(2,500)	5,093	(14,328)	259
<i>Attributable to:</i>				
<i>RNC shareholders from continuing operations</i>	<i>5,955</i>	<i>5,767</i>	<i>4,280</i>	<i>2,655</i>
<i>RNC shareholders from discontinued operations</i>	<i>(8,351)</i>	<i>(589)</i>	<i>(18,357)</i>	<i>(2,311)</i>
<i>Non-controlling interests</i>	<i>(104)</i>	<i>(85)</i>	<i>(251)</i>	<i>(85)</i>
Earnings per share attributable to RNC shareholders				
Basic and diluted (note 15) - continuing operations	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
Loss per share attributable to RNC shareholders				
Basic and diluted (note 15) - discontinued operations	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.05)	(0.01)
Total earnings (loss) per share attributable to RNC shareholders Basic and diluted	0.00	0.02	(0.04)	0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.



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Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share and per share numbers)
(Unaudited)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flow provided by (used in)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net (loss) earnings for the period	(1,131)	4,914	(13,680)	492
Deferred revenues received over amounts earned	(1,790)	(3,926)	4,156	(4,907)
Items not involving cash:				
Depreciation and amortization	3,418	3,075	6,894	5,687
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	213	(5,802)	71	(6,264)
Other (expenses) income (note 18)	(2,631)	(1,287)	(1,357)	2,254
Shares issued for consulting services	169	197	539	212
Share-based payments	(814)	(456)	492	(62)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	2,582	(591)	2,762	(1,760)
	16	(3,876)	(123)	(4,348)
Changes in working capital				
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	(2,306)	(1,954)	(1,231)	1,068
Inventories	(483)	564	(4,405)	1,995
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(6,138)	(3,073)	(7,201)	2,775
	(8,911)	(8,339)	(12,960)	1,490
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Expenditures on mineral property interests	(1,363)	(1,452)	(2,205)	(2,003)
Net proceeds on sale of Dumont	-	30,335	-	30,335
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(39)	(10,571)	(314)	(21,142)
Proceeds from the sale of an investment	-	-	73	-
	(1,402)	18,312	(2,446)	7,190
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Issuance of shares, net of costs	-	-	1,600	-
Issuance of convertible debenture	-	13,172	-	13,172
Issuance of long-term debt	-	76	-	1,044
Private placement – Orford	-	-	483	-
Repayments of long-term debt	(2,861)	(1,801)	(4,030)	(2,170)
Exercise of options and warrants	169	-	201	3
Principal payments on finance leases	(167)	(449)	(264)	(1,048)
	(2,859)	10,998	(2,010)	11,001
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(13,172)	20,971	(17,416)	19,681
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	20,156	3,555	24,400	4,845
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period ¹	6,984	24,526	6,984	24,526
Components of cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	943	621	943	621
Cash equivalents	1,260	1,905	1,260	1,905
Restricted cash ²	4,781	22,000	4,781	22,000
	6,984	24,526	6,984	24,526

¹ Cash and cash equivalents for the periods ended June 30, 2018 include \$215 in assets held for sale

² Restricted cash for the periods ended June 30, 2018 relates to cash dedicated to the Dumont JV

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.



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Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share numbers)

	Share Capital		Contributed Surplus \$	Accumulated Other Comprehensive income (loss) \$	Deficit \$	Equity attributable to RNC shareholders \$	Non-controlling interest \$	Total Equity \$
	Number	Amount						
Balance as at January 1, 2018	307,906,648	164,158	28,868	227	(192,271)	982	9,932	10,914
Shares issued for consulting services	2,263,450	539	-	-	-	539	-	539
Shares issued in settlement of debt financing	8,906,460	1,514	-	-	-	1,514	-	1,514
Private placement – common shares (note 12)	10,400,000	1,712	-	-	-	1,712	-	1,712
Shares issued in settlement of accounts payable	35,531,562	5,685	-	-	-	5,685	-	5,685
Private placement - Orford	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,195	1,195
Settlement of RSUs	-	33	-	-	-	33	-	33
Exercise of stock options	1,286,784	201	-	-	-	201	-	201
Change in minority interest	-	-	-	-	(235)	(235)	783	548
Share-based payments	-	-	1,202	-	-	1,202	-	1,202
(Loss) earnings for the period	-	-	-	-	(13,429)	(13,429)	(251)	(13,680)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	648	-	648	-	648
Balance as at June 30, 2018	366,294,904	173,842	30,070	875	(205,935)	(1,148)	11,659	10,511

	Share Capital		Contributed Surplus \$	Accumulated Other Comprehensive income (loss) \$	Deficit \$	Equity attributable to RNC shareholders \$	Non-controlling interest \$	Total Equity \$
	Number	Amount						
Balance, January 1, 2017	276,161,507	157,919	27,525	87	(101,565)	83,966	3,903	87,869
Shares issued for consulting services	947,534	212	-	-	-	212	-	212
Exercise of stock options	20,000	3	-	-	-	3	-	3
Share-based payments	-	-	316	-	-	316	-	316
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	577	577	(85)	492
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	233	-	233	-	233
Balance as at June 30, 2017	277,129,041	158,134	27,841	320	(100,988)	85,307	3,818	89,125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.



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Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Royal Nickel Corporation (“**RNC**”, “**RNC Minerals**”, “**Royal Nickel**” or the “**Corporation**”) is a company domiciled in Canada and was incorporated on December 13, 2006, under the Canada Business Corporations Act. The Corporation’s shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX: RNX). The Corporation’s registered office is located at 357 Bay Street, Suite 800 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

RNC is a multi-asset mineral resource company with a portfolio of nickel, cobalt and gold production and exploration properties. RNC has a 50% interest (will be reduced to 28% in third quarter) in the Magneto Investments Limited Partnership (“**Magneto**” or “**Dumont JV**”), which owns the Dumont Nickel-Cobalt Project (“**Dumont**”), strategically located in the established Abitibi mining camp, 25 kilometres northwest of Amos, Quebec; a 100% interest in Salt Lake Mining Pty Ltd (“**Salt Lake Mining**” or “**SLM**”), which owns the Beta Hunt Mine (“**Beta Hunt**”); and a 100% interest in VMS Ventures Inc. (“**VMS Ventures**” or “**VMS**”), which owns 27% of the Reed Mine, located in Manitoba. The Corporation also has a 35% equity interest in Orford Mining Corporation (“**Orford**”) which holds the Qiqavik and West Raglan exploration projects. The Corporation’s interest in Orford had been reduced from 42% as of June 30, 2018.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”) applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management considers all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

As at June 30, 2018, the Corporation had negative working capital of \$33,569, an accumulated deficit of \$205,935 and had a net loss of \$13,680 for the six months then ended. Working capital included cash and cash equivalents of \$6,984 (including \$215 in respect of discontinued operations), of which \$4,781 is dedicated to the Dumont JV. These circumstances indicate the existence of material uncertainties that cast significant doubt upon the Corporation’s ability to continue as a going concern and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of IFRS applicable to a going concern. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, expenses and financial position classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. These adjustments could be material.

The Corporation’s ability to continue future operations and fund its operations and successfully operate its Beta Hunt Mine, which is classified as an asset held for sale as per note 3, is dependent on management’s ability to secure additional financing in the future, which may be completed in a number of ways including, but not limited to, the issuance of debt or equity instruments, expenditure reductions, or a combination of strategic partnerships, joint venture arrangements, project debt finance, offtake financing, royalty financing and other capital markets alternatives. While management has been successful in securing financing in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future or that these sources of funding or initiatives will be available for the Corporation or that they will be available on terms which are acceptable to the Corporation. If management is unable to obtain new



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funding, the Corporation may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for assets might be less than amounts reflected in these unaudited consolidated interim financial statements.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Corporation’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Corporation’s presentation currency is Canadian dollars.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for publication by the Board of Directors on August 14, 2018.

Basis of Preparation

The accounting policies and methods of computation applied in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year. Certain figures for the prior period were restated to reflect the impacts of the asset held for sale treatment as described in note 3.

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the Corporation’s audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the following:

(i) Share based payments – IFRS 2

In June 2016, the IASB issued an amendment to IFRS 2 to clarify the measurement for cash-settled, share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. The Corporation adopted IFRS 2 on its mandatory effective date of January 1, 2018. The adoption of the standard did not have an impact on its results of operations.

(ii) Financial instruments – IFRS 9

On January, 1 2018, the Corporation adopted IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) which replaced IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Corporation adopted the standard using the retrospective approach. IFRS 9 did not impact the Corporation’s accounting policies for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. All of the Corporation’s financial instruments are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss and the Corporation does not currently perform hedge accounting. The adoption of the new expected credit loss impairment model under IFRS 9, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under IAS 39, had a negligible impact on the carrying amounts of the Corporation’s financial assets and liabilities on the transition date given the Corporation transacts exclusively with a large organization no historical incidence of default. The standard had no impact on the carrying amounts of its financial instruments



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at the transition date. The following summarizes the significant changes in IFRS 9 compared to the current standard:

This standard replaces the current multiple classification and measurement models for financial assets and liabilities with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset or liability and own credit. The standard introduces a new, expected loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognised and it lowers the threshold for recognition of full lifetime expected losses. The new standard also introduces a substantially-reformed model for hedge accounting with enhanced disclosures about risk management activity and aligns hedge accounting more closely with risk management.

Reference is made to note 11 for the disclosure of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments.

(iii) **Revenues from Contracts with Customers – IFRS 15**

On January 1, 2018, the Corporation adopted IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which replaced IAS 11, Construction Contracts and IAS 18, Revenue and related interpretations. The objective of IFRS 15 is to establish a single, principles-based model to be applied to all contracts with customers in determining how and when revenue is recognized. IFRS 15 also requires entities to provide users of financial statements with more informative and relevant disclosures. The Corporation adopted IFRS 15 using the retrospective approach. Below are the impacts of the adoption:

The Corporation's revenue primarily consists of sales of gold, nickel and copper. It also sells by-products, including silver and zinc. The Corporation's performance obligations relate primarily to the delivery of these metals to our customers. Revenue, including revenue from the sale of by-products, is recognized at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the product. Control is achieved when a product is delivered to the customer, the Corporation has a present right to payment for the product, significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the customer according to contract terms and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. The Corporation concluded that there is no change in the timing of revenue recognition of its products under the new standard as the point of transfer of risks and rewards of goods and services and transfer of control occur at the same time. Furthermore, as the Corporation's deferred revenue arrangements are all current in nature, it did not record any impact on the financing component of deferred revenue contracts.

Reference is made to note 19 for the disclosure of the Corporation's sales by product and region.



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As a result of the application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15, as described above, the Corporation has amended the relevant accounting policies as below:

Financial Instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not measured at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the financial instrument's classification. The Corporation determines the classification of its financial instruments and non-financial derivatives at initial recognition. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated balance sheets when, and only when, the Corporation has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The classification of financial assets will result in the financial asset being classified as either: amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI").

Accounts payable are initially recognised at FVTPL and subsequently accounted for at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value when the Corporation becomes a party to the derivative contract and are subsequently re-measured to fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated income statements immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument. Derivatives with positive fair value are recognized as assets; derivatives with negative fair value are recognized as liabilities. Contracts to buy or sell non-financial items that meet the definition of a derivative but were entered into and are held in accordance with the Corporation's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements are not recognized as derivatives. Such contracts would be recorded as non-derivative purchases and sales.

For financial liabilities, the Corporation considers whether a contract contains an embedded derivative when it becomes a party to the contract. Derivatives embedded in financial liabilities are treated as separate derivatives if their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's-length transaction.

Fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets are determined based on quoted market prices, where available. For financial instruments not traded in an active market, fair values are determined based on appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include discounted cash flow analysis, using recent arm's-length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, and other valuation models. The Corporation applies a hierarchy to classify valuation methods used to measure financial instruments carried at fair value. Levels 1 to 3 are defined based on the degree to which fair value inputs are observable and have a significant effect on the recorded fair value, as follows:



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Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
Level 2: Valuation techniques use significant observable inputs, directly or indirectly, or valuations are based on quoted prices for similar instruments; and;
Level 3: Valuation techniques use significant inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods to customers is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue from the sale of by-products is included within revenue. Sales revenue is recognized when control of the goods sold has been transferred to the buyer. Control is deemed to have passed to the customer when significant risk and reward of the product has passed to the buyer, the Corporation has a present right to payment and physical possession of the product has been transferred to the buyer.

The Corporation recognizes deferred revenue in the event it receives payments from customers before a sale meets criteria for revenue recognition. There may be a significant financing component associated with the revenue streaming arrangements since funds were received in advance of the delivery. When a significant financing component is recognized, finance expense will be higher and revenues will be higher as the larger deferred revenue balance is amortized to revenues. A market-based discount rate would be utilized at the inception of each of the respective stream agreements to determine a discount rate for computing the interest charges for the significant financing component of the deferred revenue balance. As product is delivered, the deferred revenue amount including accreted interest will be drawn down.

Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

Leases – IFRS 16

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases. This new standard replaces IAS 17, Leases and related interpretations. The objective of IFRS 16 is to bring all leases on-balance sheet for lessees. IFRS 16 requires lessees to recognize a "right of use" asset and a lease liability calculated using a prescribed methodology. The mandatory effective date of IFRS 16 is for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted provided that IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, is also adopted. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 16 in its consolidated financial statements. Management expects to recognize additional leases on its consolidated balance sheet, which will increase its debt and property, plant and equipment balances. As a result of recognizing additional finance leases, management expects an increase in depreciation expense and finance expense.

3. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On March 22, 2018, the Corporation announced that the Beta Hunt operation was no longer a core asset and that it had initiated a strategic process which may include the sale of all or a portion of the operation. Advisors were appointed to seek indicative offers for the acquisition of the Beta Hunt mines. Subsequently, on July 23, 2018, the Corporation announced that it had successfully completed the



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second phase of the sale process with the selection of a preferred bidder. RNC has granted exclusivity to this bidder to allow for completion of the final phase of the sale process (final due diligence, settlement of definitive documents, and all other steps related to the closing and completion of the transaction), which RNC expects will occur at the end of August 2018.

As a result, as at and for the period ending June 30, 2018, SLM assets and liabilities have been classified as held for sale and are presented as a single line item in the consolidated statements of financial position, and revenues, expenses and losses relating to the discontinuation of this operation have been segregated from the Corporation's results from continuing operations and are shown as a single line item in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. The Corporation was required to re-measure them to the lower of carrying value and fair value less cost to sell. No loss on the re-measurement was recorded for the quarter ended June 30, 2018.

Operational results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

For the periods ended June 30,	Three Months Ended,		Six Months Ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue	\$21,603	\$1,864	\$36,751	\$2,845
Cost of operations				
Production and toll-processing costs ¹	21,999	1,522	41,394	2,188
Royalty expense	2,076	69	3,617	299
General and administrative	176	326	208	415
Depreciation and amortization	626	491	1,190	678
Operating loss ²	3,274	544	9,658	735
Other expenses	3,708	918	8,084	2,563
Loss before income tax	6,982	1,462	17,742	3,298
Deferred income tax recovery	-	(461)	(33)	(987)
Loss for the period from discontinued operations	\$6,982	\$1,001	\$17,709	\$2,311

¹ Includes \$2,874 in respect of capital related costs incurred in the second quarter of 2018, and \$6,915 for the 6 months then ended.

² The Beta Hunt mine was not in commercial production in the first half of 2017 and is treated as a discontinued operation in the first half of 2018. In the first half of 2017, the operating loss excludes pre-commercial gold cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$20,642 which includes \$8,767 of depreciation and amortization. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, pre-commercial gold cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$10,990 which includes \$4,279 of depreciation and amortization.

Cash flows used in discontinued operations are as follows:



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For the periods ended June 30,	Three Months Ended,		Six Months Ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cash used in operations prior to changes in working capital	(\$6,146)	(\$4,058)	(\$10,440)	(\$5,192)
Changes in working capital	6,708	18,472	5,271	26,173
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	562	14,414	(5,169)	20,981
Cash flows used in investing activities	(3)	(11,540)	(278)	(21,759)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(552)	(272)	(1,165)	(869)
	\$7	\$2,602	(\$6,612)	(\$1,647)

² The Beta Hunt mine was not in commercial production in the first half of 2017 and is treated as a discontinued operation in the first half of 2018. In the first half of 2017, the operating loss excludes pre-commercial gold cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$20,642 which includes \$8,767 of depreciation and amortization. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, pre-commercial gold cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$10,990 which includes \$4,279 of depreciation and amortization.

Assets and liabilities related to SLM are as follows:

As at	June 30, 2018
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$215
Amounts receivable and prepaids	2,548
Inventories	9,193
Property, plant and equipment	15,757
Total assets	\$27,713
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$18,050
Long-term debt	8,494
Deferred revenue	9,694
Finance leases	229
Derivative financial liability	1,031
Asset retirement obligation	873
Total liabilities	\$38,371



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4. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

Amounts receivable consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Trade accounts receivable	\$3,322	\$2,003
Deposits	-	62
Prepaid expenses	337	3,060
Commodity taxes	431	218
Tax credits	136	136
	\$4,226	\$5,479

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Trade accounts payable	\$4,619	\$17,084
Accrued liabilities	1,708	12,051
Amount owing to Auramet in respect of financing	-	4,642
	\$6,327	\$33,777

5. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

As at	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Gold ore and gold in process	\$ -	\$4,487
Supplies	-	271
Fuel	-	30
	\$ -	\$4,788

As at December 31, 2017, \$981 of net realizable value adjustments were recorded for gold ore and gold in process.



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6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and Buildings	Vehicles	Camp, Furniture and Equipment	Beta Hunt Mine - Gold	Beta Hunt Mine - Nickel	Reed Mine	Under- ground Equip- ment	Mine Buildings	Total
At January 1, 2018	\$229	\$919	\$794	\$5,088	\$4,988	\$5,519	\$5,925	\$47	\$23,509
Additions (disposals)	-	10	58	-	-	-	246	-	314
Foreign exchange	-	(4)	(2)	(31)	(33)	-	(37)	-	(107)
Depreciation for the period	(8)	(68)	(143)	(394)	(290)	(5,519)	(505)	(3)	(6,930)
Assets held for sale	-	(392)	(364)	(4,663)	(4,665)	-	(5,629)	(44)	(15,757)
At June 30, 2018	\$221	\$465	\$343	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,029
At June 30, 2018									
Cost	\$246	\$560	\$1,182	\$-	\$-	\$22,040	\$-	\$-	\$24,028
Accumulated depreciation	(25)	(95)	(839)	-	-	(22,040)	-	-	(22,999)
Net book amount	\$221	\$465	\$343	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,029
At December 31, 2017									
Cost	\$246	\$1,065	\$1,841	\$27,170	\$6,010	\$22,040	\$7,398	\$65	\$65,835
Accumulated depreciation	(17)	(127)	(997)	(21,453)	(890)	(16,521)	(1,168)	(15)	(41,188)
Foreign exchange	-	(19)	(50)	(629)	(132)	-	(305)	(3)	(1,138)
Net book amount	\$229	\$919	\$794	\$5,088	\$4,988	\$5,519	\$5,925	\$47	\$23,509



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7. MINERAL PROPERTY INTERESTS AND INTEREST IN DUMONT JV

Exploration and evaluation expenses

	Dumont JV ¹	West Raglan ²	Qiqavik ²	Carolina ² Properties	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2018	\$ 30,990	\$ 10,600	\$ 6,852	\$ 514	\$ 48,956
Property acquisition and maintenance	11	135	71	245	462
Depreciation	6	26	10	-	42
Engineering and technical support	53	-	-	331	384
Exploration	3	-	1,113	-	1,116
Environmental, community and permitting	157	-	46	-	203
Share-based payments	-	-	76	-	76
Balance as at June 30, 2018	\$ 31,220	\$ 10,761	\$ 8,168	\$ 1,090	\$ 51,239

¹ See note 20(a)

² See note 20(b)

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

	RNC YA II PN Note Agreement (i)	RNC IQ Loan (ii)	SLM Senior Secured Loan Facility (iii)	Total	Discontinued Operations	Continuing Operations
Balance as at January 1, 2018	\$ 3,130	\$ 544	\$ 9,203	\$ 12,877	\$ (9,203)	\$ 3,674
Repayments	(1,825)	(40)	(2,058)	(3,923)	2,058	(1,865)
Accretion expense	521	-	906	1,427	(906)	521
Change due to foreign exchange translation	105	-	444	549	(444)	105
Balance as at June 30, 2018	1,931	504	8,495	10,930	(8,495)	2,435
Less current portion	1,931	120	8,495	10,546	(8,495)	2,051
Non-current portion	\$ -	\$ 384	\$ -	\$ 384	\$ -	\$ 384

(i) YA II PN Note Agreement

The note agreement bears 12% annualized interest. The principal and interest are repaid over a five-month period from April 2018 to August 2018 with US\$286 principal repaid in months one to four and a final payment of US\$786 in August 2018 (note 12).

(ii) IQ Loan

The Investissement Quebec ("IQ") loan is repayable in monthly principal re-payments in the amount of \$10 each which commenced in March 2018. The rate of interest is based on prime plus 0.25% and the loan is secured by a general security agreement granted by the Corporation over certain personal and intangible property.



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(iii) Senior Secured Loan Facility

On December 8, 2017, SLM entered into a Senior Secured Loan Facility with Auramet in the amount of US\$12,650 (\$16,268) which comprised a US\$9,000 (\$11,574) cash loan with a gold coupon and a US\$3,650 (\$4,694) nickel prepayment loan. Under the terms of the facility, Auramet subscribed for 29,750,312 common shares of the Corporation at a price of C\$0.16 per share which were issued on January 3, 2018. The proceeds of the facility were used to satisfy the remaining obligation under the Senior Secured Gold Loan to deliver 11,760 ounces of gold.

Security for the facility includes a first priority security interest and mortgage over all SLM assets, a VMS guarantee secured by all VMS assets, and limited recourse guarantee by the Corporation secured by a pledge of SPC and Orford shares. The facility is subject to certain covenants including A\$2 million minimum liquidity (waived at June 30, 2018) and restrictions on dividends or return of capital to the Corporation.

The US\$9,000 cash loan is repayable with fifteen monthly payments of US\$400 (\$514) starting on March 31, 2018 and a final bullet payment of US\$3,000 (\$3,514) on June 30, 2019. The non-interest-bearing loan includes a gold coupon of 115 ounces per month over a nineteen-month period from December 2017 to June 2019. The loan may be repaid early at any time subject to a 2% fee. The US\$3,650 nickel prepayment loan was to be repaid by the delivery of 372 tonnes of nickel over a five-month period commencing March 2018 and ending July 2018 (see note 10). The nickel prepayment loan can be repaid at any time without penalty.

As part of the restructured debt facility, the Corporation also granted Auramet call options on 1,000 ounces of gold per month from September 2018 to August 2019 and 1,125 ounces of gold for September 2019 at a strike price of AUD\$1,750 (\$1,690) per ounce (note 11).

9. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

The Corporation's convertible debentures are compound financial instruments, which are in their entirety a financial liability. The initial carrying amount for the debt host represents the residual amount of the proceeds after separating out the fair value of the derivatives which represents the value of the conversion options. Transaction costs are allocated to the host and will be accreted over the respective terms. The table below shows the change in the carrying value of the convertible debentures during the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Waterton (i)	Pala (ii)	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2018	\$ 12,832	\$ 8,273	\$ 21,105
Repayments	-	(1,621)	(1,621)
Change in fair value of derivative	(1,735)	320	(1,415)
Accretion expense	159	578	737
Change due to foreign exchange translation	668	692	1,360
Balance as at June 30, 2018	11,924	8,242	20,166
Less current portion	11,924	8,242	20,166
Non-current portion	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



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(i) Waterton

On June 7, 2017, the Corporation issued an unsecured convertible debenture in the amount of US\$10,000 (\$13,168) to Waterton (the “Waterton Debenture”). The Waterton Debenture bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and has a four-year term maturing June 7, 2021. The debenture is convertible at the holder’s option into common shares of the Corporation at any time prior to the close of business on the earlier of the maturity date and the business day immediately preceding the date fixed for redemption thereof, at the conversion price of US\$0.1912 for one common share, up to a maximum of 75% of the principal amount.

The debenture is also convertible at the holder’s option into units (a “Unit Conversion”) of the Dumont JV. After receiving any notice of a Unit Conversion in excess of US\$4,500, the Corporation would have the right to prepay such excess principal plus applicable pre-payment fees and maintain a 40% interest in the Dumont JV (the “prepayment right”).

On June 18, 2018, in conjunction with a US\$12,000 withdrawal from the Dumont JV, the Corporation agreed to remove the prepayment right. See note 20(a).

The following table summarizes the activity for the debenture for the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Waterton Debenture		
	Host	Derivative	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2018	\$ 10,793	\$ 2,039	\$ 12,832
Change in fair value of derivative	-	(1,735)	(1,735)
Accretion expense	159	-	159
Change due to foreign exchange translation	544	124	668
Balance as at June 30, 2018	11,496	428	11,924
Less current portion	11,496	428	11,924
Non-current portion	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The Corporation valued the conversion right utilizing a binomial valuation model that determines future probable levels of its US dollar stock price based notably on the Corporation stock price's future expected volatility. Future expected volatility is estimated utilizing historical data over a time period equal to the residual maturity of the debentures. The valuation also incorporates the yield to maturity of the underlying debt (as if it were neither convertible nor redeemable) determined by calibrating the model's valuation to the debentures issue price. At each time step and stock price level, the valuation technique determines whether conversion by the holder and redemption by the Corporation is optimal. The risk-free rate underlying the valuation is based notably on Canadian overnight index swap rates and CAD/USD exchange rates. The table below summarizes the assumptions underlying the valuations on both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	As At	
	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Stock Price (in CAD)	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.18
CAD/USD Exchange Rate	\$ 1.3168	\$ 1.2545
Stock Price Volatility	54%	50%
Bond Yield	14.6%	15.8%
Risk Free Rate	2.6%	2.5%



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(ii) Pala

On December 14, 2017, the Corporation issued a convertible debenture in the amount of US\$6,000 (\$7,901) to Pala (the "Pala Debenture"). The Pala Debenture bears interest at a rate of 14% per annum, compounded and payable monthly during the fifteen-month term. The Pala Debenture is repayable in 15 equal monthly principal installments of US\$200 (\$263) beginning in January 2018, in either nickel tonnes or cash at Pala's election as well as a lump sum payment for the remaining US\$3,000 (\$3,950) in March 2019, also payable in either nickel tonnes or cash at Pala's election. The Pala Debenture is secured by a second priority security interest over all SLM assets (subordinate to the Senior Secured Loan Facility in place with Auramet). If an event of default occurs including non-payment of principal or interest, failure to make any payment when it falls due on other debt exceeding \$500, or a change of control, the interest rate increases to 20% and Pala can exercise an option to be paid the outstanding amount in cash or nickel tonnes. Under the terms of the debenture agreement, the five million share purchase warrants issued pursuant to Pala Debenture September were cancelled in return for a 2.25% royalty on future Beta Hunt nickel production commencing April 1, 2019. Of the US\$6,000 proceeds, US\$2,000 (\$2,634) was received in cash, net of fees, and the remainder was used to settle a previous convertible debenture with Pala in full. The following table summarizes the activity for the debenture for the three months ended June 30, 2018:

	Pala Debenture
Balance as at January 1, 2018	\$ 8,273
Repayments	(1,621)
Change in fair value of derivative	320
Accretion expense	578
Change due to foreign exchange translation	692
Balance as at June 30, 2018	8,242
Less current portion	8,242
Non-current portion	\$ -

The Corporation measured the nickel derivatives embedded in the fifteen-month payment portion of the debt utilizing the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The model's volatility parameter is derived from price quotes of similar options. The derivative embedded in the lump sum payment portion of the debt represents a compound option on both the price of nickel and the Corporation's stock price. It is evaluated utilizing a Monte Carlo technique that generates random paths for both prices and determines which of the nickel or equity option, if any, is optimal to exercise from the investor's point of view. Risk-free rates underlying the valuations are based notably on Canadian and US overnight index swap rates and CAD/USD exchange rates. The table below summarizes the assumptions underlying the valuations on both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	As At	
	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Stock Price (in CAD)	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.18
CAD/USD Exchange Rate	\$ 1.3168	\$ 1.2545
Stock Price Volatility	54%	46%
Nickel Price Volatility	32%	32%
CAD/USD Exchange Rate Volatility	8%	8%
Risk Free Rate	1.5%	0.9%



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10. DEFERRED REVENUE

As at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the following contracts were outstanding. These contracts are excluded from the scope of IAS 39 and accounted for as executory contracts because they were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of delivery in accordance with the Corporation's expected production schedule:

As at June 30, 2018	Senior Gold Loan (i)	Loan Facility Gold (ii)	Senior Copper Loan (iii)	Total
Continuing operations				
VMS				
1,075,000 pounds of copper	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,430	\$ 3,430
Discontinued operations				
SLM				
5,573 ounces of gold	9,112	-	-	9,112
1,380 ounces of gold	-	582	-	582
	9,112	582	3,430	13,124
Current portion	9,112	582	3,430	13,124
Non-current portion	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As at December 31, 2017	Senior Gold Loan (i)	Senior Secured Loan Facility Gold (ii)	Senior Secured Loan Facility Nickel (ii)	Senior Copper Loan (iii)	Total
SLM					
1,479 ounces of gold	\$2,504	-	-	-	\$2,504
2,070 ounces of gold	-	\$879	-	-	879
372 tonnes of nickel	-	-	\$4,620	-	4,620
VMS					
2,100,000 pounds of copper	-	-	-	\$5,585	5,585
	2,504	879	4,620	5,585	13,588
Current portion	2,504	587	4,620	5,585	13,296
Non-current portion	-	\$292	-	-	\$292

(i) Senior Secured Gold Loan

The Corporation has a US\$6,500 (\$8,559) working capital facilities with Auramet which is comprised of a US\$5,500 (\$7,242) in-process gold facility and a US\$1,500 (\$1,975) million in-process nickel facility. The gold facility is classified as deferred revenue. The nickel facility is included in accounts payable on the Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2018 as it does not meet the requirements of IFRS to classify it as deferred revenue.



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(ii) Senior Secured Loan Facility

As described in note 8(iii), the Senior Secured Loan Facility with Auramet included an obligation to deliver nickel and gold. The nickel component was for a delivery of 372 tonnes over a five-month period commencing March 2018 and ending July 2018. The gold component was for a delivery of 2,185 ounces over a fifteen-month period commencing March 2018 and ending June 2019. During the first quarter of 2018, it was determined that the nickel component would no longer meet the requirement to be classified as deferred revenue. Consequently, the obligation is measured at fair value and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as part of the liabilities related to assets held for sale.

(iii) Senior Copper Loan

On December 19, 2016, the Corporation closed a US\$6,500 (\$8,559) Senior Secured Copper Loan and US\$5,000 (\$6,584) working capital facility with Auramet. The Senior Secured Copper Loan is repayable by the physical delivery of 2,825,000 pounds of copper over a twelve-month period commencing on January 31, 2017. The Corporation also granted call options to Auramet on 2,000,000 pounds of copper, with a strike price of US\$3.30 per pound and expiration dates from September 29, 2017 through December 29, 2017 which have matured. The US\$5,000 (\$6,584) copper working capital facility considers time value and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum, and forms part of agreements providing for the purchase by Auramet at market rates of all VMS's share of the copper produced by the Reed mine during the term of the Senior Secured Copper Loan. The proceeds from these agreements were used to fully repay a loan from Hudbay. The US\$6,500 (\$8,559) Senior Secured Copper Loan was classified as deferred revenue. The security granted to Auramet in connection with the Senior Secured Copper Loan includes a pledge by RNC of its shares in VMS. The Senior Secured Copper Loan is repayable at any time without penalty.

11. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of derivative instruments not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the Corporation's specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to measure the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. As at June 30, 2018, all of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments have been classified as Level 2 financial instruments according to the Corporation's fair value hierarchy. The fair value of these instruments is determined using discounted future cash flows based on forward metals curves and, in the case of options, the Black-Scholes Method.

The Corporation did not apply hedge accounting on its outstanding derivatives. Therefore, changes in fair value are recorded in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss on a mark to market basis and recorded in financial assets and liabilities. For the period ended June 30, 2018, the table below summarizes the movements in derivative financial liabilities:



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	Continuing Operations	Discontinued Operations	Period ended June 30, 2018 Total
Opening balance	\$ (1,600)	\$(1,979)	\$(3,579)
Change due to foreign exchange	(80)	(18)	(98)
Net change in fair value of derivative instruments	1,465	966	2,431
Balance, end of period	\$(215)	\$(1,031)	\$(1,246)

The following table summarizes the outstanding derivative positions at June 30, 2018:

	Maturity			Balance Sheet Classification	
	Current	Non-Current	Total	Current (Liabilities)	Non-Current (Liabilities)
VMS					
Copper call option sell contracts					
Pounds	1,200,000	-	1,200,000		
Average price per pound (in USD)	\$2.98	-	\$2.98		
Fair value liability at June 30, 2018	(\$209)	-	(\$209)	(\$209)	-
Copper forward sell contracts					
Pounds	50,000	-	50,000		
Average price per pound (in USD)	\$2.95	-	\$2.95		
Fair value liability at June 30, 2018	(\$6)	-	(\$6)	(\$6)	-
From Continuing Operations				(\$215)	-
SLM					
Gold call option sell contracts					
Ounces	13,000	3,025	16,025		
Average price per ounce (in AUD)	\$1,785	\$1,750	\$1,785		
Fair value liability at June 30, 2018	(\$318)	(\$203)	(\$521)	(\$318)	(\$203)
Gold forward sell contracts					
Ounces	3,986	-	3,986		
Average price per ounce (in AUD)	\$1,716	-	\$1,716		
Fair value asset at June 30, 2018	\$102	-	\$102	\$102	-
Nickel forward sell contracts					
Metric tonnes	186	-	186		
Average price per tonne (in USD)	\$12,238	-	\$12,238		
Fair value liability at June 30, 2018	(\$612)	-	(\$612)	(\$612)	-
From Discontinued Operations				(\$828)	(\$203)
Total				(\$1,043)	(\$203)



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The following table summarizes the outstanding derivative positions at December 31, 2017:

SLM	Maturity			Balance Sheet Classification	
	2018	2019	Total	Current (Liabilities)	Non-Current (Liabilities)
Gold call option sell contracts					
Ounces	13,000	9,025	22,025		
Average price per ounce (in AUD)	\$1,854	\$1,750	\$1,854		
Fair value asset (liability) at December 31, 2017	(\$225)	(\$776)	(\$1,001)	(\$225)	(\$776)
Nickel call option sell contracts					
Metric tonnes	288	-	288		
Average price per tonne (in USD)	\$11,500	-	\$11,500		
Fair value asset (liability) at December 31, 2017	(\$560)	-	(\$560)	(\$560)	-
Gold forward sell contracts					
Ounces	16,382	-	16,382		
Average price per ounce (in AUD)	\$1,654	-	\$1,654		
Fair value asset (liability) at December 31, 2017	(\$418)	-	(\$418)	(\$418)	-
VMS					
Copper call option sell contracts					
Pounds	3,300,000	400,000	3,700,000		
Average price per pound (in USD)	\$3.15	\$2.95	\$3.13		
Fair value asset (liability) at December 31, 2017	(\$895)	(\$222)	(\$1,117)	(\$895)	(\$222)
Copper forward sell contracts					
Pounds	800,000	-	800,000		
Average price per pound (in USD)	\$2.80	-	\$2.80		
Fair value asset (liability) at December 31, 2017	(\$483)	-	(\$483)	(\$483)	-
				(\$2,581)	(\$998)

12. SHARE CAPITAL

On January 3, 2018, the Corporation issued 29,750,312 common shares to Auramet at a price of \$0.16 per share for a value of \$4,760 which was in respect of the Senior Secured Loan Facility.

On January 3, 2018, the Corporation issued 5,781,250 common shares to a stakeholder at a price of \$0.16 per share for value of \$925 to settle amounts payable.

In January 2018, the Corporation issued an aggregate amount of 10,000,000 common shares at \$0.16 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,600.

On March 28, 2018, the Corporation issued 400,000 common shares to Abitibiwinni First Nation in respect of an Impact and Benefit Agreement for the Dumont Nickel-Cobalt Project for a value of \$112.

During the three months ended June 30, 2018, an aggregate amount of 5,407,053 common shares were issued to YA II PN at an average share price of \$0.147 for a value of \$797. During the six months



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ended June 30, 2018, an aggregate amount of 8,906,460 common shares were issued to YA II PN at an average share price of \$0.17 for a value of \$1,514. The aggregate shares were issued to settle a portion of the Corporation’s debt obligations.

13. SHARE INCENTIVE PLANS

Share Purchase Options

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, 450,000 and 11,866,000 share options were granted in the respective periods and the weighted average fair value of each share purchase option granted during the period, as estimated at the time of the grant, was \$0.13. This was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following weighted average assumptions:

Grant date	6-Feb-2018	10-May-2018
Number of options granted	11,416,000	450,000
Share price	\$0.24	\$0.21
Exercise price	\$0.24	\$0.21
Risk free interest rate	2.0%	2.2%
Expected life	4 years	4 years
Expected volatility	74%	74%
Expected dividends	nil	nil

The following table reflects the continuity of share purchase options for the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance as at January 1, 2018	26,710,529	\$0.37
Granted	11,866,000	0.23
Exercised	(1,124,285)	0.18
Expired	(2,632,333)	0.40
Balance as at June 30, 2018	34,819,911	\$0.33



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As at June 30, 2018, the Corporation had the following share purchase options outstanding:

Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable		
Exercise Price Range	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.18–\$0.99	34,369,911	3.2	\$0.31	27,845,915	3.0	\$0.33
\$1.00–\$1.99	150,000	3.0	\$1.14	150,000	3.0	\$1.14
\$2.00–\$2.50	300,000	1.2	\$2.22	300,000	1.2	\$2.22
	34,819,911	3.2	\$0.33	28,295,915	3.0	\$0.35

Restricted Share Units

During the three months ended June 30, 2018, 1,429,959 restricted share units were granted, all of which vested immediately. During the six months then ended, 2,557,948 restricted share units were granted, all of which vested immediately.

The following table reflects the continuity of restricted share units for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

	Number of Restricted Share Units
Balance as at January 1, 2018	8,575,015
Granted	2,557,948
Exercised	(162,499)
Expired	(697,935)
Balance as at June 30, 2018	10,272,529

Included in the 10,272,529 restricted share units outstanding as at June 30, 2018, are 5,052,550 units that can only be settled for cash.

As at June 30, 2018, the weighted average remaining contractual life of the outstanding restricted share units was 1.6 years and all restricted share units were vested.



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14. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Expense by nature				
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 502	\$ 222	\$ 937	\$ 641
Share-based payments	(814)	(392)	492	2
Professional fees	190	386	254	621
Consulting fees	100	82	229	124
Public company expenses	61	79	143	146
Office and general	268	201	533	627
Conference and travel	31	10	83	22
Investor relations	(76)	165	200	243
Business development	140	83	163	181
Depreciation and amortization	27	20	54	36
	\$ 429	\$ 856	\$ 3,088	\$ 2,643

15. LOSS PER SHARE

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Earnings attributable to RNC shareholders from continuing operations	\$5,851	\$5,915	\$4,029	\$2,803
Weighted average number of common shares	362,150,334	276,388,721	357,548,866	276,302,402
Earnings per share attributable to RNC shareholders from continuing operations – basic and diluted	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.01

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Loss attributable to RNC shareholders from discontinued operations	\$(6,982)	\$(1,001)	\$(17,709)	\$(2,311)
Weighted average number of common shares	362,150,334	276,388,721	357,548,866	276,302,402
Loss per share attributable to RNC shareholders from discontinued operations – basic and diluted	\$(0.02)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.05)	\$(0.01)

The effect of potential issuances of shares under stock options, warrants, deferred share units, convertible debenture and restricted share units would be anti-dilutive for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and accordingly, basic and diluted loss per share are the same.



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16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUE

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and finance lease obligations approximate their fair values due to their relatively short periods to maturity. Derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

As at	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Carrying value	Fair Value	Carrying value	Fair Value
Other Financial Liabilities				
Continuing operations				
Note Agreement (note 8) (level 2)	\$1,930	\$2,231	\$3,130	\$3,450
IQ Loan (note 8) (level 2)	504	504	544	544
Convertible Debentures (note 9) (level 3)	20,166	24,357	21,105	24,312
Discontinued operations				
Senior Secured Facility (note 8)	\$8,495	\$9,744	\$9,203	\$11,291

17. OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME), NET

For the three months ended June 30,	2018		2017	
	Continuing Operations	Discontinued Operations	Continuing Operations	Discontinued Operations
<u>RNC</u>				
Share of (gain) loss of associates	5	-	26	-
Accretion expense	680	-	-	-
Gain on sale of mineral property interest	-	-	-	-
(Gain) loss on other investment	-	-	30	-
Change in fair value – embedded derivative (note 9)	(2,110)	-	610	-
Partial recovery of impairment charge	-	-	(1,216)	-
<u>SLM</u>				
Change in fair value – derivative financial instruments	-	231	-	277
Loss on settlement of derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	486
Loss of reclassification of deferred revenue (note 10)	-	-	-	-
Finance costs	-	2,113	(372)	(282)
<u>VMS</u>				
Change in fair value – derivative financial instruments	(336)	-	(162)	-
<u>Other</u>				
Finance and other expense	97	(232)	22	(404)
Other income	483	-	33	207
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	372	1,596	310	634
	\$ (809)	\$ 3,708	\$ (719)	\$ 918



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For the six months ended June 30,	2018	2018	2017	2017
	Continuing	Discontinued	Continuing	Discontinued
	Operations	Operations	Operations	Operations
RNC				
Share of (gain) loss of associates	(34)	-	31	-
Accretion expense	1,455	-	-	-
Gain on sale of mineral property interest	-	-	(100)	-
(Gain) loss on other investment	17	-	20	-
Change in fair value – embedded derivative (note 9)	(815)	-	610	-
Partial recovery of impairment charge	-	-	(1,216)	-
SLM				
Change in fair value – derivative financial instruments	-	1,507	-	365
Loss on settlement of derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	1,485
Loss of reclassification of deferred revenue (note 10)	-	1,692	-	-
Finance costs	-	3,731	(372)	962
VMS				
Change in fair value – derivative financial instruments	(977)	-	29	-
Other				
Finance and other expense	248	(105)	46	(305)
Other income	275	-	-	-
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	516	1,259	310	56
	\$ 685	\$ 8,084	\$ (642)	\$ 2,563

18. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Other expense (income)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months ended,		Six months ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Share of (gain) loss of associates	\$4	\$26	\$(35)	\$31
Derivative financial instruments	(3,668)	(311)	(3,847)	3,090
Asset retirement obligation	15	2	26	4
Loss on sale of investment	-	30	17	20
Accretion, long-term debt	925	182	2,164	325
Partial recovery of impairment charge	-	(1,216)	-	(1,216)
Other	93	-	318	-
	\$(2,631)	\$(1,287)	\$(1,357)	\$2,254



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Other supplemental information

For the periods ended June 30,	Three Months ended,		Six Months ended,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Interest received	34	\$196	\$120	\$178
Interest paid	1,023	214	1,481	496
Share-based payments in mineral property interests	58	(101)	76	10
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment in mineral property interests	-	39	-	87
Mineral property interests in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21	648	57	648
Property, plant and equipment in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	1,346	-

19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Corporation has exploration and evaluation activities in Canada and production activities in Canada and Australia.

	Three months ended June 30, 2018								
	Dumont JV Canada	Beta Hunt Mine Gold Australia	Beta Hunt Nickel Mine Australia	Reed Mine Copper Canada	Orford Canada	Corporate and other exploration Canada	Discontinued Operations	Total	
	Revenues	-	\$19,208	\$2,395	\$10,269	-	-	(\$21,603)	\$10,269
	Production & toll-processing	-	20,886 ¹	1,113	1,610	-	-	(21,999)	1,610
Royalty expense	-	1,838	238	-	-	-	(2,076)	-	
Depreciation and amortization	-	669	(43)	2,675	-	-	(626)	2,675	
General and administrative	29	157	19	52	337	11	(176)	429	
Operating (loss) income	(\$29)	(\$4,342)	\$1,068	\$5,932	(\$337)	(\$11)	\$3,274	\$5,555	

¹ Includes \$2,874 in respect of capital-related costs incurred in the second quarter of 2018.

	Six months ended June 30, 2018								
	Dumont JV Canada	Beta Hunt Mine Gold Australia	Beta Hunt Nickel Mine Australia	Reed Mine Copper Canada	Orford Canada	Corporate and other exploration Canada	Discontinued Operations	Total	
	Revenues	-	\$32,660	\$4,091	\$16,546	-	-	(\$36,751)	\$16,546
	Production & toll-processing	-	38,410 ¹	2,984	2,851	-	-	(41,394)	2,851
Royalty expense	-	3,236	381	-	-	-	(3,617)	-	
Depreciation and amortization	-	1,132	58	5,489	-	-	(1,190)	5,489	
General and administrative	62	185	23	117	604	2,305	(208)	3,088	
Operating (loss) income	(\$62)	(\$10,303)	\$645	\$8,089	(\$604)	(\$2,305)	\$9,658	\$5,118	
Property, plant and equipment	\$217	\$11,092	\$4,665	\$461	\$287	\$64	(15,757)	\$1,029	
Mineral property interest	31,220	-	-	-	20,019	-	-	51,239	
Total assets	37,020	23,048	4,665	2,967	22,125	2,881	-	92,706	

¹ Includes \$6,915 in respect of capital-related costs incurred in the first half of 2018.



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Three months ended June 30, 2017

	Dumont JV Canada	Beta Hunt Nickel Mine Australia	Reed Mine Canada	West Raglan Canada	Corporate and other exploration Canada	Discontinued Operations ¹	Total
Revenue	\$ -	\$ 1,864	\$ 9,625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,864)	\$ 9,625
Production & toll-processing	-	1,522	6,330	-	-	(1,522)	6,330
Royalty expense	-	69	-	-	-	(69)	-
Depreciation and amortization	-	491	2,584	-	-	(491)	2,584
General and administration	6	405	67	131	573	(326)	856
Operating (loss) income	\$ (6)	\$ (623)	\$ 644	\$ (131)	\$ (573)	\$ 544	\$ (145)

¹ The Beta Hunt mine was not in commercial production in the half quarter of 2017 and is treated as a discontinued operation in the first half of 2018. The operating loss for the second quarter of 2017 excludes gold pre-commercial cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$10,990 which includes \$4,279 of depreciation and amortization.

Six months ended June 30, 2017

	Dumont JV Canada	Beta Hunt Nickel Mine Australia	Reed Mine Canada	West Raglan Canada	Corporate and other exploration Canada	Discontinued Operations ¹	Total
Revenue	\$ -	\$ 2,845	\$ 15,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,845)	\$ 15,768
Production & toll-processing	-	2,188	11,232	-	-	(2,188)	11,232
Royalty expense	-	299	-	-	-	(299)	-
Depreciation and amortization	-	678	5,009	-	-	(678)	5,009
General and administration	51	415	104	173	2,315	(415)	2,643
Operating (loss) income	\$ (51)	\$ (735)	\$ (577)	\$ (173)	\$ (2,315)	\$ 735	\$ (3,116)

¹ The Beta Hunt mine was not in commercial production in the first half of 2017 and is treated as a discontinued operation in the first half of 2018. The operating loss for the first half of 2017 excludes gold pre-commercial cost of sales, net of gold revenue, of \$20,642, which includes \$8,767 of depreciation and amortization.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) On July 23, 2018, the Corporation announced that Waterton, its partner in the Dumont JV, had triggered the conversion of its US\$10 million convertible note for the full principal amount of the debenture. Once the conversion is executed, RNC's interest in the JV will be diluted to approximately 28%. The conversion will reduce the carrying value of the Dumont JV mineral property interest.
- b) During the period from July 13, 2018 to August 9, 2018, Orford issued common shares to third parties. The Corporation's interest in Orford had been reduced from 42%, as of June 30, 2018, to 35% as of the date of this report.