

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended July 2, 2021

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-39054



ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

83-2206728
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

200 S. Kraemer Blvd., Building E
Brea, California
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

92821-6208
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 714-817-7000

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	NVST	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting company

Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 30, 2021, was 161,257,697.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	PAGE
Item 1.	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets <u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations <u>2</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) <u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity <u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows <u>5</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <u>6</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations <u>26</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk <u>37</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures <u>38</u>

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.	Legal Proceedings <u>39</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors <u>39</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds <u>40</u>
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities <u>40</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures <u>40</u>
Item 5.	Other Information <u>40</u>
Item 6.	Exhibits <u>41</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements**

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)
(\$ in millions, except share amounts)

	As of	
	July 2, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 553.9	\$ 888.9
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for credit losses of \$32.8 and \$37.1, respectively	355.0	361.0
Inventories, net	311.5	266.9
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	81.3	73.7
Total current assets	1,301.7	1,590.5
Property, plant and equipment, net	303.9	303.0
Operating lease right-of-use assets	153.9	165.3
Other long-term assets	147.0	127.3
Goodwill	3,381.9	3,430.7
Other intangible assets, net	1,192.9	1,259.2
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,481.3</u>	<u>\$ 6,876.0</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 421.5	\$ 886.8
Trade accounts payable	209.4	235.1
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	504.8	530.3
Operating lease liabilities	27.5	32.5
Total current liabilities	1,163.2	1,684.7
Operating lease liabilities	140.7	153.8
Other long-term liabilities	415.3	408.8
Long-term debt	893.2	907.7
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value, 15.0 million shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding at July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020	—	—
Common stock - \$0.01 par value, 500.0 million shares authorized; 161.5 million shares issued and 161.2 million shares outstanding at July 2, 2021; 160.2 million shares issued and 160.0 million outstanding at December 31, 2020	1.6	1.6
Additional paid-in capital	3,707.6	3,684.4
Retained earnings	288.2	126.4
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(128.9)	(91.8)
Total Envista stockholders' equity	3,868.5	3,720.6
Noncontrolling interests	0.4	0.4
Total stockholders' equity	<u>3,868.9</u>	<u>3,721.0</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 6,481.3</u>	<u>\$ 6,876.0</u>

See the accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)
(\$ and shares in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales	\$ 740.1	\$ 362.0	\$ 1,449.3	\$ 909.2
Cost of sales	328.2	211.5	640.1	480.3
Gross profit	411.9	150.5	809.2	428.9
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative	283.1	241.9	542.0	510.6
Research and development	30.3	16.5	60.4	51.2
Operating profit (loss)	98.5	(107.9)	206.8	(132.9)
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Other income	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.2
Interest expense, net	(13.6)	(14.5)	(31.6)	(17.8)
Income (loss) before income taxes	85.2	(122.3)	175.8	(150.5)
Income tax (benefit) expense	(4.9)	(28.8)	14.0	(39.8)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 90.1</u>	<u>\$ (93.5)</u>	<u>\$ 161.8</u>	<u>\$ (110.7)</u>
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.56	\$ (0.59)	\$ 1.01	\$ (0.69)
Diluted	\$ 0.51	\$ (0.59)	\$ 0.91	\$ (0.69)
Average common stock and common equivalent shares outstanding:				
Basic	161.2	159.5	160.8	159.3
Diluted	178.4	159.5	177.2	159.3

See the accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)
(\$ in millions)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Net income (loss)	\$ 90.1	\$ (93.5)	\$ 161.8	\$ (110.7)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	14.4	33.1	(39.3)	(4.1)
Cash flow hedge adjustments	1.1	—	2.5	(8.9)
Pension plan adjustments	(0.5)	0.3	(0.3)	0.7
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes	15.0	33.4	(37.1)	(12.3)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 105.1	\$ (60.1)	\$ 124.7	\$ (123.0)

See the accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)
(\$ in millions)

	Six Months Ended July 2, 2021					
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Envista Equity	Noncontrolling Interests
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 1.6	\$ 3,684.4	\$ 126.4	\$ (91.8)	\$ 3,720.6	\$ 0.4
Common stock-based award activity	—	6.7	—	—	6.7	—
Net income	—	—	71.7	—	71.7	—
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(52.1)	(52.1)	—
Balance, April 2, 2021	1.6	3,691.1	198.1	(143.9)	3,746.9	0.4
Common stock-based award activity	—	16.5	—	—	16.5	—
Net income	—	—	90.1	—	90.1	—
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	15.0	15.0	—
Balance, July 2, 2021	<u>\$ 1.6</u>	<u>\$ 3,707.6</u>	<u>\$ 288.2</u>	<u>\$ (128.9)</u>	<u>\$ 3,868.5</u>	<u>\$ 0.4</u>
	Six Months Ended July 3, 2020					
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Envista Equity	Noncontrolling Interests
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1.6	\$ 3,589.7	\$ 93.1	\$ (144.2)	\$ 3,540.2	\$ 2.6
Common stock-based award activity	—	6.4	—	—	6.4	—
Net loss	—	—	(17.2)	—	(17.2)	—
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(45.7)	(45.7)	—
Balance, April 3, 2020	1.6	3,596.1	75.9	(189.9)	3,483.7	2.6
Common stock-based award activity	—	7.6	—	—	7.6	—
Equity component of convertible senior notes, net of financing costs and taxes	—	77.9	—	—	77.9	—
Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible senior notes, net of taxes	—	(15.7)	—	—	(15.7)	—
Net loss	—	—	(93.5)	—	(93.5)	—
Other Comprehensive income	—	—	—	33.4	33.4	—
Changes in noncontrolling interest	—	—	—	—	—	(0.1)
Balance at July 3, 2020	<u>\$ 1.6</u>	<u>\$ 3,665.9</u>	<u>\$ (17.6)</u>	<u>\$ (156.5)</u>	<u>\$ 3,493.4</u>	<u>\$ 2.5</u>

See the accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
(\$ in millions)

	Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 161.8	\$ (110.7)
Noncash items:		
Depreciation	19.9	19.6
Amortization	42.0	45.3
Allowance for credit losses	3.6	11.6
Stock-based compensation expense	14.3	11.7
Restructuring charges	0.3	9.0
Impairment charges	4.1	10.3
Amortization of right-of-use assets	14.3	15.2
Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs	12.0	2.7
Change in trade accounts receivable	(1.5)	126.1
Change in inventories	(47.9)	(9.4)
Change in trade accounts payable	(23.5)	(77.1)
Change in prepaid expenses and other assets	(7.2)	(3.0)
Change in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(34.2)	(90.8)
Change in operating lease liabilities	(20.7)	(18.1)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	137.3	(57.6)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—	(40.7)
Payments for additions to property, plant and equipment	(28.5)	(21.4)
All other investing activities	5.7	7.7
Net cash used in investing activities	(22.8)	(54.4)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes	—	517.5
Payment of debt issuance and other deferred financing costs	(2.3)	(17.3)
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	—	249.8
Repayment of borrowings	(475.6)	(0.1)
Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible senior notes	—	(20.7)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	13.8	5.0
All other financing activities	1.0	(1.1)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(463.1)	733.1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	13.6	(9.9)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(335.0)	611.2
Beginning balance of cash and cash equivalents	888.9	211.2
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 553.9	\$ 822.4
Supplemental data:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 22.1	\$ 16.8
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 51.1	\$ 14.2
ROU assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations	\$ 10.8	\$ 4.3

See the accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Separation and Initial Public Offering

Envista Holdings Corporation (together with its subsidiaries, “Envista” or the “Company”) was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Danaher Corporation (“Danaher”). Danaher formed Envista to ultimately acquire, own and operate the Dental business of Danaher. On September 20, 2019, the Company completed an initial public offering (“IPO”) resulting in the issuance of 30.8 million shares of its common stock (including shares issued pursuant to the underwriters’ option to purchase additional shares) to the public, which represented 19.4% of the Company’s outstanding common stock, at \$22.00 per share, the initial public offering price, for total net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions, of \$643.4 million. In connection with the completion of the IPO, through a series of equity and other transactions, Danaher transferred substantially all of its Dental business to the Company. As consideration for the transfer of the Dental business to the Company, the Company paid Danaher approximately \$2.0 billion, which included the net proceeds from the IPO and the net proceeds from term debt financing, as further discussed in Note 12, and issued to Danaher 127.9 million shares of the Company’s common stock. The transactions described above related to the transfer of the Dental business are collectively referred to herein as the “Separation.”

On November 15, 2019, Danaher announced an exchange offer whereby Danaher stockholders could exchange all or a portion of Danaher common stock for shares of the Company’s common stock owned by Danaher. The disposition of the Company’s shares was completed on December 18, 2019 and resulted in the full separation of the Company and disposal of Danaher’s entire ownership and voting interest in the Company.

Business Overview

The Company provides products that are used to diagnose, treat and prevent disease and ailments of the teeth, gums and supporting bone, as well as to improve the aesthetics of the human smile. The Company is a worldwide provider of a broad range of dental implants, orthodontic appliances, general dental consumables, equipment and services and is dedicated to driving technological innovations that help dental professionals improve clinical outcomes and enhance productivity.

The Company operates in two business segments: Specialty Products & Technologies and Equipment & Consumables. The Company’s Specialty Products & Technologies segment develops, manufactures and markets dental implant systems, dental prosthetics and associated treatment software and technologies, as well as orthodontic bracket systems, aligners and lab products. The Company’s Equipment & Consumables segment develops, manufactures and markets dental equipment and supplies used in dental offices, including digital imaging systems, software and other visualization/magnification systems; handpieces and associated consumables; treatment units and other dental practice equipment; endodontic systems and related consumables; and restorative materials and instruments, rotary burs, impression materials, bonding agents and cements and infection prevention products.

Basis of Presentation

All revenues and costs as well as assets and liabilities directly associated with the business activity of the Company are included in the financial statements. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions between the businesses comprising the Company have been eliminated in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included herein have been prepared by the Company without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations; however, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments and reclassifications to conform to current year presentation) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, and its results of operations for the three and six month periods ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020 and cash flows for the six month periods ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Company’s Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements and accompanying notes for the three years ended December 31, 2020, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed by the Company with the SEC on February 19, 2021.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is subject to risks and uncertainties as a result of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”) pandemic. During 2020, the Company’s sales and results of operations were most impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic during the first and second quarters with positive signs of recovery during the third and fourth quarters of 2020. During the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, the Company continued to see positive signs of recovery in certain markets in which it operates, however, certain markets continue to be more adversely impacted than others.

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict because of the dynamic and evolving nature of the crisis. A worsening of the pandemic or impacts of new variants of the virus may lead to temporary closures of dental practices in the future. Furthermore, capital markets and economies worldwide have also been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, and it is possible that it could cause a material local and/or global economic slowdown or global recession. Such economic disruption could have a material adverse effect on the Company as the Company’s customers curtail and reduce capital and overall spending. Policymakers around the globe have responded with fiscal policy actions to support the healthcare industry and economy as a whole. The magnitude and overall effectiveness of these actions remains uncertain.

The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the scope and duration of the pandemic, the extent and severity of the impact on the Company's customers, the measures that have been and may be taken to contain the virus (including its various mutations) and mitigate its impact, U.S. and foreign government actions to respond to the reduction in global economic activity, the ability of the Company to continue to manufacture and source its products, the impact of the pandemic and associated economic downturn on the Company’s ability to access capital if and when needed and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions can resume, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Even after the COVID-19 pandemic has subsided, the Company may continue to experience materially adverse impacts on the Company’s financial condition and results of operations.

The Company's future results of operations and liquidity could be adversely impacted by delays in payments of outstanding receivable amounts beyond normal payment terms, supply chain disruptions and uncertain demand, and the impact of any initiatives or programs that the Company may undertake to address financial and operational challenges faced by its customers. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may materially impact the Company's financial condition, liquidity, or results of operations is uncertain.

Accounting Standards Recently Adopted

In December 2019, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2019-12, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes*, which is intended to simplify various aspects related to accounting for income taxes. ASU 2019-12 removes certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740 and also clarifies and amends existing guidance to improve consistent application. The ASU was effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2021, which did not have a significant impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, *Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815 – 40)*, which simplifies the accounting for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity, including convertible instruments and contracts on an entity’s own equity. This guidance is part of the FASB’s simplification initiative, which aims to reduce unnecessary complexity in U.S. GAAP. The ASU is effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact of the new standard on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting*, which provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions that reference London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform, if certain criteria are met. The ASU is effective for public entities as of March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. An entity may elect to apply the amendments to eligible hedging relationships existing as of the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020 and to new eligible hedging relationships entered into after the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020. If an entity elects to apply any of the amendments for an eligible hedging relationship existing as of the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020, any adjustments as a result of those elections must be reflected as of the beginning of that interim period and recognized in accordance with the guidance in Reference Rate Reform Subtopics 848-30, 848-40, and 848-50 (as applicable). If an entity elects to apply any of the amendments for a new hedging relationship entered into between the beginning of the interim period that includes March 12, 2020 and March 12, 2020, any adjustments as a result of those elections must be reflected as of the beginning of the hedging relationship and recognized in accordance with the guidance in Reference Rate Reform Subtopics 848-30, 848-40, and 848-50 (as applicable).

The expedients and exceptions provided by the amendments do not apply to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into or evaluated after December 31, 2022, except for hedging relationships existing as of December 31, 2022, that an entity has elected certain optional expedients for and that are retained through the end of the hedging relationship. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact of the new standard on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTE 2. ACQUISITION

On January 21, 2020, the Company acquired all of the shares of Matricel GmbH (“Matricel”) for cash consideration of approximately \$43.6 million. Matricel, a German company, is a provider of biomaterials used in dental applications and complements the Company’s Specialty Products & Technologies segment. For the three and six months ended July 3, 2020, Matricel’s revenue and earnings were not material to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Goodwill was not deductible for income tax purposes. The measurement period for adjustments related to the purchase price allocation for this acquisition is complete.

The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date (\$ in millions):

	January 21, 2020
Assets acquired:	
Cash	\$ 2.9
Trade accounts receivable	1.0
Inventories	1.9
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	0.2
Property, plant and equipment	0.5
Goodwill	25.1
Other intangible assets	22.3
Total assets acquired	<u>53.9</u>
Liabilities assumed:	
Trade accounts payable	(0.1)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(10.2)
Total liabilities assumed	<u>(10.3)</u>
Total net assets acquired	<u>\$ 43.6</u>

The excess of the purchase price over the fair value assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed represents the goodwill resulting from the acquisition. Goodwill attributable to the acquisition has been recorded as a non-current asset and is not amortized, but is subject to review at least on an annual basis for impairment. Goodwill recognized was primarily attributable to expected operating efficiencies and expansion opportunities in the business acquired. The pro forma impact of this acquisition is not presented as it was not considered material to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The intangible assets acquired consist of technology and customer relationships. The weighted average amortization period of the acquired intangible assets in the aggregate is 10 years.

NOTE 3. CREDIT LOSSES

The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account deducted from accounts receivable to present the net amount expected to be collected. Accounts receivable are charged off against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of an accounts receivable balance is confirmed.

Management estimates the adequacy of the allowance by using relevant available information, from internal and external sources, relating to past events, current conditions and forecasts. Historical credit loss experience provides the basis for estimation of expected credit losses and is adjusted as necessary using the relevant information available. The allowance for credit losses is measured on a collective basis when similar risk characteristics exist. The Company has identified one portfolio segment based on the following risk characteristics: geographic regions, product lines, default rates and customer specific factors.

The factors used by management in its credit loss analysis are inherently subject to uncertainty. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict. The Company considered the current and expected future economic and market conditions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, including the impact of delays in payments of outstanding receivable amounts beyond normal payment terms. If actual results are not consistent with management's estimates and assumptions, the allowance for credit losses may be overstated or understated and a charge or credit to net income (loss) may be required.

The rollforward of the allowance for credit losses is summarized as follows (\$ in millions):

Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	37.1
Foreign currency translation		(0.5)
Provision for credit losses		3.6
Write-offs charged against the allowance		(3.6)
Recoveries		(3.8)
Balance at July 2, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>32.8</u>

NOTE 4. INVENTORIES

The classes of inventory are summarized as follows (\$ in millions):

	<u>July 2, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>
Finished goods	\$ 258.4	\$ 219.0
Work in process	36.2	39.8
Raw materials	101.4	93.7
Reserve for inventory obsolescence	(84.5)	(85.6)
Total	<u>\$ 311.5</u>	<u>\$ 266.9</u>

NOTE 5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The classes of property, plant and equipment are summarized as follows (\$ in millions):

	July 2, 2021	December 31, 2020
Land and improvements	\$ 24.4	\$ 24.8
Buildings and improvements	176.4	182.6
Machinery, equipment and other assets	451.8	438.8
Construction in progress	86.3	84.8
Gross property, plant and equipment	738.9	731.0
Less: accumulated depreciation	(435.0)	(428.0)
Property, plant and equipment, net	<u>\$ 303.9</u>	<u>\$ 303.0</u>

NOTE 6. GOODWILL

The following is a rollforward of the Company's goodwill by segment (\$ in millions):

	Specialty Products & Technologies	Equipment & Consumables	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,099.0	\$ 1,331.7	\$ 3,430.7
Foreign currency translation	(35.4)	(13.4)	(48.8)
Balance, July 2, 2021	<u>\$ 2,063.6</u>	<u>\$ 1,318.3</u>	<u>\$ 3,381.9</u>

NOTE 7. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and other liabilities were as follows (\$ in millions):

	July 2, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Current	Noncurrent	Current	Noncurrent
Compensation and benefits	\$ 168.0	\$ 17.0	\$ 161.0	\$ 14.2
Restructuring-related employee severance, benefits and other	20.0	2.2	30.5	—
Pension benefits	8.5	90.7	8.5	91.5
Taxes, income and other	42.4	226.9	48.8	227.5
Contract liabilities	56.4	5.4	48.6	4.8
Sales and product allowances	70.5	1.1	73.8	0.9
Loss contingencies	11.5	31.1	7.4	33.2
Derivative financial instruments	14.7	33.2	42.4	27.8
Other	112.8	7.7	109.3	8.9
Total	<u>\$ 504.8</u>	<u>\$ 415.3</u>	<u>\$ 530.3</u>	<u>\$ 408.8</u>

NOTE 8. HEDGING TRANSACTIONS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company uses cross-currency swap derivative contracts to partially hedge its net investments in foreign operations against adverse movements in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the euro. The cross-currency swap derivative contracts are agreements to exchange fixed-rate payments in one currency for fixed-rate payments in another currency. On September 20, 2019, the Company entered into cross-currency swap derivative contracts with respect to its \$650.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility. These contracts effectively convert the \$650.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility to an obligation denominated in euros and partially offsets the impact of changes in currency rates on foreign currency denominated net investments. The changes in the fair value of these instruments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in equity, in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, partially offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment of the Company's related net investment that is also recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss as reflected in Note 13. Any ineffective portions of net investment hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income during the period of change. The interest income or expense from these swaps is recorded in interest expense in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations consistent with the classification of interest expense attributable to the underlying debt. These instruments mature in September 2022.

The Company also has foreign currency denominated long-term debt in the amount of €208.0 million. This senior unsecured term loan facility represents a partial hedge of the Company's net investment in foreign operations against adverse movements in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the euro. The euro senior unsecured term loan facility is designated and qualifies as a non-derivative hedging instrument. Accordingly, the foreign currency translation of the euro senior unsecured term loan facility is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in equity in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment of the Company's related net investment that is also recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss (see Note 13). Any ineffective portions of net investment hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income during the period of change. The euro senior unsecured term loan facility matures in September 2024. Refer to Note 12 for a further discussion of the above loan facilities.

The Company uses interest rate swap derivative contracts to reduce its variability of cash flows related to interest payments with respect to its senior unsecured term loans. The interest rate swap contracts exchange interest payments based on variable rates for interest payments based on fixed rates. The changes in the fair value of these instruments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in equity (see Note 13). Any ineffective portions of the cash flow hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income during the period of change. The interest income or expense from these swaps is recorded in interest expense in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations consistent with the classification of interest expense attributable to the underlying debt. These instruments mature on dates ranging from September 2021 to September 2022.

The following table summarizes the notional values as of July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020 and pretax impact of changes in the fair values of instruments designated as net investment hedges and cash flow hedges in accumulated other comprehensive loss (“OCI”) for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020 (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended July 2, 2021		Three Months Ended July 3, 2020	
	Notional Amount	Gain Recognized in OCI	Notional Amount	Loss Recognized in OCI
Interest rate contracts	\$ 450.0	\$ 1.5	\$ 650.0	\$ —
Foreign currency contracts	650.0	(6.6)	650.0	(27.3)
Foreign currency denominated debt	246.8	(2.1)	674.9	(26.2)
Total	<u>\$ 1,346.8</u>	<u>\$ (7.2)</u>	<u>\$ 1,974.9</u>	<u>\$ (53.5)</u>

	Six Months Ended July 2, 2021		Six Months Ended July 3, 2020	
	Notional Amount	(Loss) Gain Recognized in OCI	Notional Amount	(Loss) Gain Recognized in OCI
Interest rate contracts	\$ 450.0	\$ 3.3	\$ 650.0	\$ (11.7)
Foreign currency contracts	650.0	19.0	650.0	9.7
Foreign currency denominated debt	246.8	14.1	674.9	(2.0)
Total	<u>\$ 1,346.8</u>	<u>\$ 36.4</u>	<u>\$ 1,974.9</u>	<u>\$ (4.0)</u>

Gains or losses related to the foreign currency contracts and foreign currency denominated debt are classified as foreign currency translation adjustments in the schedule of changes in OCI in Note 13, as these items are attributable to the Company’s hedges of its net investment in foreign operations. Gains or losses related to the interest rate contracts are classified as cash flow hedge adjustments in the schedule of changes in OCI in Note 13. The Company did not reclassify any deferred gains or losses related to net investment and cash flow hedges from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020. In addition, the Company did not have any ineffectiveness related to net investment and cash flow hedges during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020. The cash inflows and outflows associated with the Company’s derivative contracts designated as net investment hedges are classified in investing activities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Company’s derivative instruments, as well as its non-derivative debt instruments designated and qualifying as net investment hedges, were classified in the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows (\$ in millions):

	July 2, 2021	December 31, 2020
Derivative liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 47.9	\$ 70.2
Nonderivative hedging instruments:		
Short-term debt	\$ —	\$ 472.0
Long-term debt	\$ 246.8	\$ 260.9

Amounts related to the Company’s derivatives expected to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income during the next 12 months are not significant.

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting standards define fair value based on an exit price model, establish a framework for measuring fair value where the Company's assets and liabilities are required to be carried at fair value and provide for certain disclosures related to the valuation methods used within a valuation hierarchy as established within the accounting standards. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other observable characteristics for the asset or liability, including interest rates, yield curves and credit risks, or inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation; and Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on the Company's assumptions. A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

A summary of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows (\$ in millions):

	Quoted Prices in Active Market (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
July 2, 2021:				
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap derivative contracts	\$ —	\$ 5.1	\$ —	\$ 5.1
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	\$ —	\$ 42.8	\$ —	\$ 42.8
Deferred compensation plans	\$ —	\$ 14.9	\$ —	\$ 14.9
December 31, 2020:				
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap derivative contracts	\$ —	\$ 8.3	\$ —	\$ 8.3
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	\$ —	\$ 61.8	\$ —	\$ 61.8
Deferred compensation plans	\$ —	\$ 11.8	\$ —	\$ 11.8

Derivative Instruments

The cross-currency swap derivative contracts are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as they are measured using the income approach with the relevant interest rates and foreign currency current exchange rates and forward curves as inputs. The interest rate swap derivative contracts are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as they are measured using the income approach with the relevant interest rates and forward curves as inputs. Refer to Note 8 for additional information.

Deferred Compensation Plans

Certain management employees of the Company participate in nonqualified deferred compensation programs that permit such employees to defer a portion of their compensation, on a pretax basis. All amounts deferred under this plan are unfunded, unsecured obligations and are presented as a component of the Company's compensation and benefits accrual included in accrued expenses in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (refer to Note 7). Participants may choose among alternative earnings rates for the amounts they defer, which are primarily based on investment options within the Company's 401(k) program. Changes in the deferred compensation liability under these programs are recognized based on changes in the fair value of the participants' accounts, which are based on the applicable earnings rates on investment options within the Company's 401(k) program. Amounts voluntarily deferred by employees into the Company stock fund and amounts contributed to participant accounts by the Company are deemed invested in the Company's common stock and future distributions of such contributions will be made solely in shares of Company common stock, and therefore are not reflected in the above amounts.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments were as follows (\$ in millions):

	July 2, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap derivative contracts	\$ 5.1	\$ 5.1	\$ 8.3	\$ 8.3
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	\$ 42.8	\$ 42.8	\$ 61.8	\$ 61.8
Convertible senior notes due 2025	\$ 421.4	\$ 1,112.2	\$ 411.1	\$ 902.7
Long-term debt	\$ 893.2	\$ 893.2	\$ 907.7	\$ 907.7

The fair value of long-term debt approximates the carrying value as these borrowings are based on variable market rates. The fair value of the convertible senior notes due 2025 was determined based on the quoted bid price of the convertible senior notes in an over-the-counter market on July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020. The convertible senior notes are considered as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, which consist primarily of money market funds, time and demand deposits, trade accounts receivable, net and trade accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

NOTE 10. WARRANTY

The Company generally accrues estimated warranty costs at the time of sale. In general, manufactured products are warranted against defects in material and workmanship when properly used for their intended purpose, installed correctly and appropriately maintained. Warranty periods depend on the nature of the product and range from 90 days up to the life of the product. The amount of the accrued warranty liability is determined based on historical information such as past experience, product failure rates or number of units repaired, estimated cost of material and labor and in certain instances estimated property damage. The accrued warranty liability is reviewed on a quarterly basis and may be adjusted as additional information regarding expected warranty costs becomes known.

The following is a rollforward of the Company's accrued warranty liability (\$ in millions):

Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 14.1
Accruals for warranties issued during the year	9.7
Settlements made	(11.1)
Effect of foreign currency translation	(0.1)
Balance at July 2, 2021	<u>\$ 12.6</u>

NOTE 11. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

For a description of the Company's litigation and contingencies, refer to Note 14 of the Company's Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Company records accruals for loss contingencies associated with these legal matters when it is probable that a liability will be incurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company has determined that the liabilities associated with certain litigation matters are probable and can be reasonably estimated and has accrued \$42.6 million and \$40.6 million as of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, which are included in accrued liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company has accrued for these matters and will continue to monitor each related legal issue and adjust accruals as might be warranted based on new information and further developments in accordance with ASC 450-20-25. Amounts accrued for legal contingencies often result from a complex series of judgments about future events and uncertainties that rely heavily on estimates and assumptions including timing of related payments. The ability to make such estimates and judgments can be affected by various factors including, among other things, whether damages sought in the proceedings are unsubstantiated or indeterminate; legal discovery has not commenced or is not complete; proceedings are in early stages; matters present legal uncertainties; there are significant facts in dispute; procedural or jurisdictional issues; the uncertainty and unpredictability of the number of potential claims; or there are numerous parties involved. To the extent adverse verdicts have been rendered against the Company, the Company does not record an accrual until a loss is determined to be probable and can be reasonably estimated. In the Company's opinion, based on its examination of these matters, its experience to date and discussions with counsel, the ultimate outcome of legal proceedings, net of liabilities accrued in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position. However, the resolution of, or increase in accruals for, one or more of these matters in any reporting period may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows for that period.

NOTE 12. DEBT AND CREDIT FACILITIES

The components of the Company's debt were as follows (\$ in millions):

	July 2, 2021	December 31, 2020
Senior term loan facility due 2022 (\$650.0 aggregate principal amount) (the "Term Loan Facility"), net of deferred debt issuance costs of \$3.1 and \$1.9, respectively	\$ 646.9	\$ 648.1
Senior euro term loan facility due 2022 (€208.0 and €600.0 aggregate principal amount, respectively) (the "Euro Term Loan Facility"), net of deferred debt issuance costs of \$0.5 and \$1.3, respectively	246.3	731.6
Convertible senior notes due 2025 (\$517.5 aggregate principal amount), net of deferred debt issuance costs of \$9.9 and \$10.8, respectively and unamortized discount of \$86.2 and \$95.6, respectively	421.4	411.1
Other	0.1	3.7
Total debt	1,314.7	1,794.5
Less: current portion	(421.5)	(886.8)
Long-term debt	\$ 893.2	\$ 907.7

Unamortized debt issuance costs and discount totaled \$99.7 million and \$109.6 million as of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, which have been netted against their respective aggregate principal amounts of the related debt in the table above, and are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the respective debt.

Long-Term Indebtedness

Credit Agreement

On September 20, 2019, the Company entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks under which Envista borrowed approximately \$1.3 billion, consisting of the three-year \$650.0 million Term Loan Facility and the three-year €600.0 million Euro Term Loan Facility (together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Term Loans"). The Credit Agreement also included the five-year, \$250.0 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and together with the Term Loans, the "Senior Credit Facilities"). Pursuant to the Separation Agreement, all of the net proceeds of the Term Loans were paid to Danaher as partial consideration for the Dental business Danaher transferred to Envista, as further discussed in Note 1.

On February 9, 2021, in connection with an amendment to the Credit Agreement, the Company repaid \$472.0 million of its Euro Term Loan Facility, which was classified as short-term debt as of December 31, 2020.

On June 15, 2021, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the “Amended Credit Agreement”) with a syndicate of banks including Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent (the “Administrative Agent”). The Amended Credit Agreement amends and restates the Company’s Credit Agreement, originally dated September 20, 2019 (as amended by Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement dated as of May 6, 2020, Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement dated as of May 19, 2020, and Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement dated as of February 9, 2021).

Under the Amended Credit Agreement: (a) the maturity date of the Company’s existing Term Loans has been extended to September 20, 2024, (b) the Revolving Credit Facility has been increased from \$250.0 million to \$750.0 million, (c) the Company may request further increases to the Revolving Credit Facility in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$350.0 million, (d) the amount of cash and cash equivalents permitted to be netted in the definition of “Consolidated Funded Indebtedness” has been increased to up to the greater of (i) \$250.0 million and (ii) 50% of Consolidated EBITDA as of the most recent measurement period, and (e) the floor on Eurocurrency rate loans applicable to the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan Facility has been reduced to zero, in each case subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Amended Credit Agreement. The Company paid fees aggregating approximately \$2.1 million in connection with the Amended Credit Agreement.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes an aggregate principal amount of \$750.0 million with a \$20.0 million sublimit for the issuance of standby letters of credit. The Revolving Credit Facility can be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes. As of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were no borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Under the Senior Credit Facilities, borrowings bear interest as follows: (1) Eurocurrency Rate Loans (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) bear interest at a variable rate equal to the London inter-bank offered (“LIBOR”) rate plus a margin of between 0.785% and 1.625%, depending on the Company’s Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter; and (2) Base Rate Loans (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) bear interest at a variable rate equal to (a) the highest of (i) the Federal funds rate (as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York from time to time) plus 0.50%, (ii) Bank of America’s “prime rate” as publicly announced from time to time and (iii) the Eurocurrency Rate (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) plus 1.0%, plus (b) a margin of between 0.00% and 0.625%, depending on the Company’s Consolidated Leverage Ratio as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter. In no event will Eurocurrency Rate Loans or Base Rate Loans bear interest at a rate lower than 0.0%. In addition, the Company is required to pay a per annum facility fee of between 0.09% and 0.225% depending on the Company’s Consolidated Leverage Ratio as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter and based on the aggregate commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility, whether drawn or not.

The interest rates for borrowings under the Term Loan Facility were 1.51% and 4.25% as of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The interest rates for borrowings under the Euro Term Loan Facility were 1.20% and 3.33% as of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Interest is payable quarterly for the Term Loans. The Company has entered into interest rate swap derivative contracts for the Term Loan Facility, as further discussed in Note 8. The Amended Credit Agreement requires the Company to maintain a Consolidated Leverage Ratio of 3.75 to 1.00 or less and includes a provision that the maximum Consolidated Leverage Ratio will be increased to 4.25 to 1.00 for the four consecutive full fiscal quarters immediately following the consummation of any acquisition by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company in which the purchase price exceeds \$100.0 million. The Amended Credit Agreement also requires the Company to maintain a Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) of at least 3.00 to 1.00. The Amended Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties, conditions precedent, events of default, indemnities and affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that, among other things, limit or restrict the Company’s and/or the Company’s subsidiaries ability, subject to certain exceptions and qualifications, to incur liens or indebtedness, merge, consolidate or sell or otherwise transfer assets, make dividends or distributions, enter into transactions with the Company’s affiliates and use proceeds of the debt financing for other than permitted uses. The Amended Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an event of default, the lenders may declare the outstanding advances and all other obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement immediately due and payable. The Company was in compliance with all of its debt covenants as of July 2, 2021.

Convertible Senior Notes (the “Notes”)

On May 21, 2020, the Company issued the Notes due on June 1, 2025, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted. The aggregate principal amount, which includes the initial purchasers’ exercise in full of their option to purchase an additional \$67.5 million principal amount of the Notes, was \$517.5 million. The net proceeds from the issuance, after deducting purchasers’ discounts and estimated offering expenses, were \$502.6 million. The Company used part of the net proceeds to pay for the capped call transactions (“Capped Calls”) as further described below. The Notes accrue interest at a rate of 2.375% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2020. The Notes have an initial conversion rate of 47.5862 shares of the Company’s common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$21.01 per share of the Company’s common stock and is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of specified events. The Notes are governed by an indenture dated as of May 21, 2020 (the “Indenture”) between the Company and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee. The Indenture does not contain any financial covenants or any restrictions on the payment of dividends, the incurrence of senior debt or other indebtedness or the issuance or repurchase of the Company’s securities by the Company.

The Notes are the Company’s senior, unsecured obligations and are (i) equal in right of payment with the Company’s existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness; (ii) senior in right of payment to the Company’s existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated to the Notes; (iii) effectively subordinated to the Company’s existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that indebtedness; and (iv) structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities, including trade payables, and (to the extent the Company is not a holder thereof) preferred equity, if any, of the Company’s subsidiaries.

Holders of the Notes may convert their Notes at any time on or after December 2, 2024 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day preceding the maturity date. Holders of the Notes will also have the right to convert the Notes prior to December 2, 2024, but only upon the occurrence of specified events. Upon conversion, the Notes will be settled in cash, shares of the Company’s common stock or a combination thereof, at the Company’s election. The Company’s current intent and policy is to settle all Notes conversions through combination settlement, satisfying the principal amount outstanding with cash and any Notes conversion value in excess of the principal amount in shares of the Company’s common stock. If a fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date, holders of the Notes may require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of their Notes for cash at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, if specific corporate events occur prior to the maturity date, the Company would increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its Notes in connection with such an event in certain circumstances. As of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the stock price exceeded 130% of the conversion price of \$21.01 in 20 days of the final 30 trading days ended July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, which satisfied one of the conditions permitting early conversion by holders of the Notes, therefore, the Notes are classified as short-term debt.

The Notes will be redeemable, in whole or in part, at the Company’s option at any time, and from time to time, on or after June 1, 2023 and on or before the 40th scheduled trading day immediately before the maturity date, at a cash redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding the redemption date, but only if the last reported sale price per share of the Company’s common stock exceeds 130.0% of the conversion price on (i) each of at least 20 trading days, whether or not consecutive, during the 30 consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading day immediately before the date the Company sends the related redemption notice; and (ii) the trading day immediately before the date the Company sends such notice. In addition, calling any Note for redemption will constitute a “Make-Whole Fundamental Change” (as defined in the Indenture) with respect to that Note, in which case the conversion rate applicable to the conversion of that Note will be increased in certain circumstances if it is converted after it is called for redemption.

In accounting for the issuance of the Notes, the Company separated the Notes into liability and equity components of \$410.9 million and \$106.6 million, respectively. The carrying amount of the liability component was calculated by measuring the fair value of a similar debt instrument that does not have an associated convertible feature. The carrying amount of the equity component representing the conversion option was determined by deducting the fair value of the liability component from the par value of the Notes. The equity component is not re-measured as long as it continues to meet the conditions for equity classification. The excess of the principal amount of the liability component over its carrying amount (“debt discount”) will be amortized to interest expense over the term of the Notes.

The Company allocated the total issuance costs incurred to the liability and equity components of the Notes based on their relative values. Issuance costs attributable to the liability component of \$11.9 million were recorded as a reduction to the liability portion of the Notes and will be amortized as interest expense over the term of the Notes. The issuance costs of \$3.1 million attributable to the equity component were netted with the equity component in stockholders' equity.

The Company recorded a net deferred tax liability of \$20.5 million in connection with the issuance of the Notes, which was recorded to stockholders' equity.

The following table sets forth total interest expense recognized related to the Notes (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Contractual interest expense	\$ 3.0	\$ 1.4	\$ 6.1	\$ 1.4
Amortization of debt issuance costs	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.2
Amortization of debt discount	4.7	2.0	9.3	2.0
Total interest expense	\$ 8.1	\$ 3.6	\$ 16.3	\$ 3.6

For the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, the debt discount and debt issuance costs were amortized using an annual effective interest rate of 7.3% to interest expense over the term of the Notes.

As of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the if-converted value of the Notes exceeded the outstanding principal amount by \$549.5 million and \$313.1 million, respectively.

Capped Call Transactions

In connection with the offering of the Notes, the Company entered into Capped Calls with certain counterparties. The Capped Calls each have an initial strike price of approximately \$21.01 per share, subject to certain adjustments, which corresponds to the initial conversion price of the Notes. The Capped Calls have initial cap prices of \$23.79 per share, subject to certain adjustments. The Capped Calls cover, subject to anti-dilution adjustments, 2.9 million shares of the Company's common stock. The Capped Calls are generally intended to reduce or offset the potential dilution from shares of common stock issued upon any conversion of the Notes with such reduction or offset, as the case may be, subject to a cap based on the cap price. As the Capped Call transactions are considered indexed to the Company's own stock and are considered equity classified, they are recorded in equity and are not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$20.7 million incurred in connection with the Capped Calls was recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

NOTE 13. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component are summarized below (\$ in millions).

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Loss on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Pension Costs	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Three Months Ended July 2, 2021				
Balance, April 2, 2021	\$ (116.2)	\$ (4.9)	\$ (22.8)	\$ (143.9)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications:				
Increase	12.4	1.5	—	13.9
Income tax impact	2.0	(0.4)	—	1.6
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of income taxes	14.4	1.1	—	15.5
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:				
Increase	—	—	(0.4)	(0.4)
Income tax impact	—	—	(0.1)	(0.1)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	(0.5)	(0.5)
Net current period other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	14.4	1.1	(0.5)	15.0
Balance, July 2, 2021	<u>\$ (101.8)</u>	<u>\$ (3.8)</u>	<u>\$ (23.3)</u>	<u>\$ (128.9)</u>

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Loss on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Pension Costs	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Three Months Ended July 3, 2020				
Balance, April 3, 2020	\$ (153.6)	\$ (8.8)	\$ (27.5)	\$ (189.9)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications:				
Increase	19.9	—	—	19.9
Income tax impact	13.2	—	—	13.2
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of income taxes	33.1	—	—	33.1
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:				
Increase	—	—	0.3	0.3
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	0.3	0.3
Net current period other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	33.1	—	0.3	33.4
Balance, July 3, 2020	<u>\$ (120.5)</u>	<u>\$ (8.8)</u>	<u>\$ (27.2)</u>	<u>\$ (156.5)</u>

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Loss on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Pension Costs	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Six Months Ended July 2, 2021				
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ (62.5)	\$ (6.3)	\$ (23.0)	\$ (91.8)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications:				
(Decrease) increase	(31.0)	3.3	—	(27.7)
Income tax impact	(8.3)	(0.8)	—	(9.1)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications, net of income taxes	(39.3)	2.5	—	(36.8)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:				
Increase	—	—	(0.2)	(0.2)
Income tax impact	—	—	(0.1)	(0.1)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	(0.3)	(0.3)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income, net of income taxes	(39.3)	2.5	(0.3)	(37.1)
Balance, July 2, 2021	<u>\$ (101.8)</u>	<u>\$ (3.8)</u>	<u>\$ (23.3)</u>	<u>\$ (128.9)</u>

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Pension Costs	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Six Months Ended July 3, 2020				
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ (116.4)	\$ 0.1	\$ (27.9)	\$ (144.2)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications:				
Decrease	(2.2)	(11.7)	—	(13.9)
Income tax impact	(1.9)	2.8	—	0.9
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications, net of income taxes	(4.1)	(8.9)	—	(13.0)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:				
Increase	—	—	0.8	0.8
Income tax impact	—	—	(0.1)	(0.1)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	0.7	0.7
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income, net of income taxes	(4.1)	(8.9)	0.7	(12.3)
Balance, July 3, 2020	<u>\$ (120.5)</u>	<u>\$ (8.8)</u>	<u>\$ (27.2)</u>	<u>\$ (156.5)</u>

NOTE 14. REVENUE

The following table presents the Company's revenues disaggregated by geographical region for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020 (\$ in millions). Sales taxes and other usage-based taxes collected from customers are excluded from revenues. The Company has historically defined emerging markets as developing markets of the world, which prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, have experienced extended periods of accelerated growth in gross domestic product and infrastructure, which includes Eastern Europe, the Middle East, Africa, Latin America and Asia (with the exception of Japan and Australia). The Company defines developed markets as all markets of the world that are not emerging markets.

	Three Months Ended July 2, 2021			Three Months Ended July 3, 2020		
	Specialty Products & Technologies	Equipment & Consumables	Total	Specialty Products & Technologies	Equipment & Consumables	Total
Geographical region:						
North America	\$ 173.3	\$ 186.2	\$ 359.5	\$ 77.9	\$ 84.2	\$ 162.1
Western Europe	96.7	77.5	174.2	41.0	32.8	73.8
Other developed markets	25.2	22.9	48.1	15.8	12.2	28.0
Emerging markets	91.0	67.3	158.3	49.9	48.2	98.1
Total	<u>\$ 386.2</u>	<u>\$ 353.9</u>	<u>\$ 740.1</u>	<u>\$ 184.6</u>	<u>\$ 177.4</u>	<u>\$ 362.0</u>

	Six Months Ended July 2, 2021			Six Months Ended July 3, 2020		
	Specialty Products & Technologies	Equipment & Consumables	Total	Specialty Products & Technologies	Equipment & Consumables	Total
Geographical region:						
North America	\$ 336.7	\$ 364.8	\$ 701.5	\$ 206.2	\$ 225.6	\$ 431.8
Western Europe	191.5	156.7	348.2	103.7	90.7	194.4
Other developed markets	50.8	45.1	95.9	37.0	28.7	65.7
Emerging markets	173.7	130.0	303.7	110.3	107.0	217.3
Total	<u>\$ 752.7</u>	<u>\$ 696.6</u>	<u>\$ 1,449.3</u>	<u>\$ 457.2</u>	<u>\$ 452.0</u>	<u>\$ 909.2</u>

Sales by Major Product Group:

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Consumables	\$ 534.5	\$ 255.3	\$ 1,049.4	\$ 633.2
Equipment	205.6	106.7	399.9	276.0
Total	<u>\$ 740.1</u>	<u>\$ 362.0</u>	<u>\$ 1,449.3</u>	<u>\$ 909.2</u>

Remaining Performance Obligations

Remaining performance obligations include noncancelable purchase orders, extended warranty and service agreements and do not include revenue from contracts with customers with an original term of one year or less.

As of July 2, 2021, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations was \$27.9 million and the Company expects to recognize revenue on the majority of this amount over the next 12 months.

Contract Liabilities

The Company often receives cash payments from customers in advance of the Company's performance resulting in contract liabilities. These contract liabilities are classified as either current or long-term in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets based on the timing of when the Company expects to recognize revenue. As of July 2, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the contract liabilities were \$61.8 million and \$53.4 million, respectively, and are included within accrued expenses and other liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Revenue recognized during the six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020 that was included in the contract liability balance at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was \$30.7 million and \$32.0 million, respectively.

Significant Customers

Sales to the Company's largest customer were 13% of sales for both the three and six months ended July 2, 2021. No individual customer accounted for more than 10% of sales in the three and six months ended July 3, 2020.

Seasonality

Based on historical experience, the Company generally has more sales in the second half of the calendar year than in the first half of the calendar year, with the first quarter typically having the lowest sales of the year. Based on historical customer buying patterns, the Company generally has more sales in the fourth quarter than in any other quarter of the year, driven in particular by capital spending in the Equipment & Consumables segment. As a result of this seasonality in sales, profitability in the Equipment & Consumables segment also tends to be higher in the second half of the year. There are no assurances that these historical trends will continue in the future and the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic may impact these trends.

NOTE 15. RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES AND RELATED IMPAIRMENTS

Restructuring Activities

The Company's restructuring activities are undertaken as necessary to implement management's strategy, streamline operations, take advantage of available capacity and resources, and ultimately achieve net cost reductions. These activities generally relate to the realignment of existing manufacturing capacity and closure of facilities and other exit or disposal activities, as it relates to executing the Company's strategy, either in the normal course of business or pursuant to significant restructuring programs.

The liability related to the Company's restructuring activities, which is included in accrued liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, is summarized below (\$ in millions):

	Employee Severance and Related	Facility Exit and Related	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 30.5	\$ 5.4	\$ 35.9
Costs incurred	9.5	3.9	13.4
Paid/settled	(19.5)	(7.6)	(27.1)
Balance, July 2, 2021	<u>\$ 20.5</u>	<u>\$ 1.7</u>	<u>\$ 22.2</u>

Restructuring related charges recorded for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, by segment, were as follows (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Specialty Products & Technologies	\$ 3.6	\$ 15.7	\$ 7.1	\$ 16.5
Equipment & Consumables	2.9	41.2	5.0	52.0
Other	1.2	3.0	3.7	3.7
Total	<u>\$ 7.7</u>	<u>\$ 59.9</u>	<u>\$ 15.8</u>	<u>\$ 72.2</u>

During the three months ended July 3, 2020, the Company made the decision to exit a portion of its treatment unit business, which is part of the Equipment & Consumables segment, as part of its strategy to restructure its portfolio and improve its cost structure. In connection with the exit the Company recognized a non-cash loss of \$19 million. The majority of this loss included \$9 million related to the impairment of certain intangible assets, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$9 million of inventory write-offs, which is included in cost of sales.

The restructuring related charges incurred during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, are reflected in the following captions in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Cost of sales	\$ 2.9	\$ 23.9	\$ 5.7	\$ 26.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4.8	36.0	10.1	45.5
Total	\$ 7.7	\$ 59.9	\$ 15.8	\$ 72.2

NOTE 16. INCOME TAXES

The Company's effective tax rates of (5.8)% and 8.0% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 differ from the U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 21.0%, primarily due to an income tax benefit from the recognition of an amortizable deferred tax asset associated with the estimated value of a tax basis step-up of certain of the Company's Swiss assets and a decrease in the valuation allowance on certain of the Company's Swiss net operating losses in 2021. The Company's effective tax rates of 23.5% and 26.4% for the three and six months ended July 3, 2020 differ from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21.0%, primarily due to the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's geographical mix of earnings.

NOTE 17. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the applicable period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of dilutive potential shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include employee equity options, non-vested shares and similar instruments granted by the Company and the assumed conversion impact of the Notes. The Company's current intent and policy is to settle all Notes conversions through a combination settlement by satisfying the principal amount outstanding with cash and any Notes conversion value in excess of the principal amount in shares of the Company's common stock. As such, the Company uses the treasury stock method for the assumed conversion of the Notes to compute the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for diluted earnings per share. As the Company intends and has the ability to settle the principal amount of the Notes in cash upon conversion, the Notes do not have an impact on the Company's diluted earnings per share until the average share price of the Company's common stock exceeds the conversion price of \$21.01 per share in any applicable period. See the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share below for the dilutive impact of the Notes for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020.

In connection with the offering of the Notes, the Company entered into Capped Calls (see further discussion in Note 12), which are intended to reduce or offset the potential dilution from shares of common stock issued upon conversion of the Notes. However, this impact is not included when calculating potentially dilutive shares since their effect is anti-dilutive. The Capped Calls will mitigate dilution from the conversion of the Notes up to the Company's common stock price of \$23.79. If the Notes are converted at a price higher than \$23.79 per share, the Capped Calls will no longer mitigate dilution from the conversion of the Notes.

The table below presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (\$ and shares in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Numerator:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 90.1	\$ (93.5)	\$ 161.8	\$ (110.7)
Denominator:				
Weighted-average common shares outstanding used in basic earnings (loss) per share	161.2	159.5	160.8	159.3
Incremental common shares from:				
Assumed exercise of dilutive options and vesting of dilutive restricted stock units	4.5	—	4.5	—
Assumed conversion of the Notes	12.7	—	11.9	—
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in diluted earnings (loss) per share	<u>178.4</u>	<u>159.5</u>	<u>177.2</u>	<u>159.3</u>
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.56	\$ (0.59)	\$ 1.01	\$ (0.69)
Diluted	\$ 0.51	\$ (0.59)	\$ 0.91	\$ (0.69)

The following table presents the number of outstanding securities not included in the computation of diluted income per share, because their effect was anti-dilutive (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Stock-based awards	1.4	8.4	1.0	7.1

NOTE 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates and reports its results in two separate business segments, the Specialty Products & Technologies and Equipment & Consumables segments. When determining the reportable segments, the Company aggregated operating segments based on their similar economic and operating characteristics. Operating profit represents total revenues less operating expenses, excluding nonoperating income (expense) and income taxes. Operating profit amounts in the Other segment consist of unallocated corporate costs and other costs not considered part of management's evaluation of reportable segment operating performance. The identifiable assets by segment are those used in each segment's operations. Inter-segment amounts are not significant and are eliminated to arrive at consolidated totals.

The Company's Specialty Products & Technologies products include implants, prosthetics, orthodontic brackets, aligners and lab products. The Company's Equipment & Consumables products include traditional consumables such as bonding agents and cements, impression materials, infection prevention products and restorative products, while the Company's equipment products include treatment units, instruments, digital imaging systems, software and other visualization and magnification systems.

Segment related information is shown below (\$ in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales:				
Specialty Products & Technologies	\$ 386.2	\$ 184.6	\$ 752.7	\$ 457.2
Equipment & Consumables	353.9	177.4	696.6	452.0
Total	<u>\$ 740.1</u>	<u>\$ 362.0</u>	<u>\$ 1,449.3</u>	<u>\$ 909.2</u>
Operating profit (loss) and reconciliation to income (loss) before taxes:				
Specialty Products & Technologies	\$ 74.1	\$ (19.2)	\$ 154.6	\$ (11.4)
Equipment & Consumables	57.0	(53.8)	115.6	(73.1)
Other	(32.6)	(34.9)	(63.4)	(48.4)
Operating profit (loss)	98.5	(107.9)	206.8	(132.9)
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Other income	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.2
Interest expense, net	(13.6)	(14.5)	(31.6)	(17.8)
Income (loss) before taxes	<u>\$ 85.2</u>	<u>\$ (122.3)</u>	<u>\$ 175.8</u>	<u>\$ (150.5)</u>
Identifiable assets:				
			July 2, 2021	December 31, 2020
Specialty Products & Technologies			\$ 3,692.3	\$ 3,773.3
Equipment & Consumables			2,200.6	2,178.2
Other			588.4	924.5
Total			<u>\$ 6,481.3</u>	<u>\$ 6,876.0</u>

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with other information, including our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in Part I, Item 1, Financial Information, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our consolidated and combined financial statements appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the “2020 10-K”), and Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our,” or similar terms, refer to Envista Holdings Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Quarterly Report are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. All statements other than historical factual information are forward-looking statements, including without limitation statements regarding: the potential impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, financial condition, and results of operations; projections of revenue, expenses, profit, profit margins, tax rates, tax provisions, cash flows, pension and benefit obligations and funding requirements, our liquidity position or other projected financial measures; management’s plans and strategies for future operations, including statements relating to anticipated operating performance, cost reductions, restructuring activities, new product and service developments, competitive strengths or market position, acquisitions and the integration thereof, divestitures, spin-offs, split-offs or other distributions, strategic opportunities, securities offerings, stock repurchases, dividends and executive compensation; growth, declines and other trends in markets we sell into; future regulatory approvals and the timing thereof; outstanding claims, legal proceedings, tax audits and assessments and other contingent liabilities; future foreign currency exchange rates and fluctuations in those rates; the anticipated timing of any of the foregoing; assumptions underlying any of the foregoing; and any other statements that address events or developments that Envista intends or believes will or may occur in the future. Terminology such as “believe,” “anticipate,” “should,” “could,” “intend,” “will,” “plan,” “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “target,” “may,” “possible,” “potential,” “forecast” and “positioned” and similar references to future periods are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements are accompanied by such words. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and assessments made by our management in light of their experience and perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors they believe to be appropriate. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to, the following: the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, including new variants of the virus, the pace of recovery in the markets in which we operate, the conditions in the U.S. and global economy, the markets served by us and the financial markets, the impact of our debt obligations on our operations and liquidity, developments and uncertainties in trade policies and regulations, contractions or growth rates and cyclicity of markets we serve, fluctuations in inventory of our distributors and customers, loss of a key distributor, our relationships with and the performance of our channel partners, competition, our ability to develop and successfully market new products and services, the potential for improper conduct by our employees, agents or business partners, our compliance with applicable laws and regulations (including regulations relating to medical devices and the health care industry), the results of our clinical trials and perceptions thereof, penalties associated with any off-label marketing of our products, modifications to our products that require new marketing clearances or authorizations, our ability to effectively address cost reductions and other changes in the health care industry, our ability to successfully identify and consummate appropriate acquisitions and strategic investments, our ability to integrate the businesses we acquire and achieve the anticipated benefits of such acquisitions, contingent liabilities relating to acquisitions, investments and divestitures, significant restrictions and/or potential liability based on tax implications of transactions with Danaher, security breaches or other disruptions of our information technology systems or violations of data privacy laws, our ability to adequately protect our intellectual property, the impact of our restructuring activities on our ability to grow, risks relating to potential impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets, currency exchange rates, changes in tax laws applicable to multinational companies, litigation and other contingent liabilities including intellectual property and environmental, health and safety matters, our ability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, risks relating to product, service or software defects, risks relating to product manufacturing, commodity costs and surcharges, our ability to adjust purchases and manufacturing capacity to reflect market conditions, reliance on sole or limited sources of supply, the impact of regulation on demand for our products and services, labor matters, international economic, political, legal, compliance and business factors and disruptions relating to war, terrorism, widespread protests and civil unrest, man-made and natural disasters, public health issues and other events, and other risks and uncertainties set forth under “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in the 2020 10-K and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from the results, developments and business decisions contemplated by our forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. Except to the extent required by applicable law, we do not assume any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events and developments or otherwise.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements present our historical financial position, results of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows in accordance with GAAP.

OVERVIEW

General

We provide products that are used to diagnose, treat and prevent disease and ailments of the teeth, gums and supporting bone, as well as to improve the aesthetics of the human smile. With leading brand names, innovative technology and significant market positions, we are a leading worldwide provider of a broad range of dental implants, orthodontic appliances, general dental consumables, equipment and services, and are dedicated to driving technological innovations that help dental professionals improve clinical outcomes and enhance productivity. Our research and development, manufacturing, sales, distribution, service and administrative facilities are located in more than 30 countries across North America, Asia, Europe, the Middle East and Latin America.

For both the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, sales derived from customers outside of the United States were 55.4%, compared to the three and six months ended July 3, 2020 of 57.2% and 55.8%, respectively. As a global provider of dental consumables, equipment and services, our operations are affected by worldwide, regional and industry-specific economic and political factors. Given the broad range of dental products, software and services provided and geographies served, we do not use any indices other than general economic trends to predict our overall outlook. Our individual businesses monitor key competitors and customers, including to the extent possible their sales, to gauge relative performance and the outlook for the future.

As a result of our geographic and product line diversity, we face a variety of opportunities and challenges, including rapid technological development in most of our served markets, the expansion and evolution of opportunities in emerging markets, trends and costs associated with a global labor force, consolidation of our competitors and increasing regulation. We operate in a highly competitive business environment in most markets, and our long-term growth and profitability will depend in particular on our ability to expand our business in emerging geographies and market segments, identify, consummate and integrate appropriate acquisitions, develop innovative and differentiated new products and services, expand and improve the effectiveness of our sales force, continue to reduce costs and improve operating efficiency and quality and effectively address the demands of an increasingly regulated global environment. We are making significant investments to address the rapid pace of technological change in our served markets and to globalize our manufacturing, research and development and customer-facing resources (particularly in emerging markets and our dental implant business) in order to be responsive to our customers throughout the world and improve the efficiency of our operations.

We operate in two business segments: Specialty Products & Technologies and Equipment & Consumables. Our Specialty Products & Technologies segment develops, manufactures and markets dental implant systems, dental prosthetics and associated treatment software and technologies, as well as orthodontic bracket systems, aligners and lab products. Our Equipment & Consumables segment develops, manufactures and markets dental equipment and supplies used in dental offices, including digital imaging systems, software and other visualization/magnification systems; handpieces and associated consumables; treatment units and other dental practice equipment; endodontic systems and related consumables; and restorative materials and instruments, rotary burs, impression materials, bonding agents and cements and infection prevention products.

Key Trends and Conditions Affecting Our Results of Operations

There have been no material changes to the key trends and conditions affecting our results of operations that were disclosed in our 2020 10-K.

COVID-19

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict because of the dynamic and evolving nature of the crisis. During 2020, our sales and results of operations were most impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic during the first and second quarters with positive signs of recovery during the third and fourth quarters of 2020. During the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, we continued to see positive signs of recovery in certain markets in which we operate, however, certain markets continue to be more adversely impacted than others.

A worsening of the pandemic or impacts of new variants of the virus may lead to temporary closures of dental practices in the future. Furthermore, capital markets and economies worldwide have also been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, and it is possible that it could cause a material local and/or global economic slowdown or global recession. Such economic disruption could have a material adverse effect on our business as our customers curtail and reduce capital and overall spending. Policymakers around the globe have responded with fiscal policy actions to support the healthcare industry and economy as a whole. The magnitude and overall effectiveness of these actions remains uncertain.

The severity of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the scope and duration of the pandemic, the extent and severity of the impact on our customers, the measures that have been and may be taken to contain the virus (including its various mutations) and mitigate its impact, U.S. and foreign government actions to respond to the reduction in global economic activity, our ability to continue to manufacture and source our products, the impact of the pandemic and associated economic downturn on our ability to access capital if and when needed and how quickly and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions can resume, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Even after the COVID-19 pandemic has subsided, we may continue to experience materially adverse impacts on our financial condition and results of operations.

Our future results of operations and liquidity could be adversely impacted by delays in payments of outstanding receivable amounts beyond normal payment terms, supply chain disruptions and uncertain demand, and the impact of any initiatives or programs that we may undertake to address financial and operational challenges faced by our customers. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may materially impact our financial condition, liquidity, or results of operations is uncertain.

Acquisitions

Our growth strategy contemplates future acquisitions. Our operations and results can be affected by the rate and extent to which appropriate acquisition opportunities are available, acquired businesses are effectively integrated and anticipated synergies or cost savings are achieved.

On January 21, 2020, we acquired all of the shares of Matricel for cash consideration of approximately \$43.6 million. Matricel, a German company, is a provider of biomaterials used in dental applications and is part of our Specialty Products and Technologies segment. Matricel's revenue and earnings were not material to our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended July 3, 2020.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates

On a period-over-period basis, currency exchange rates positively impacted reported sales by 4.0% and 3.4% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, respectively, compared to the comparable periods of 2020, primarily due to the strength of most major currencies against the U.S. dollar. Any future weakening of the U.S. dollar against major currencies would positively impact our sales and results of operations for the remainder of the year, and any strengthening of the U.S. dollar against major currencies would negatively impact our sales and results of operations for the remainder of the year.

UK's Referendum Decision to Exit the EU

In a referendum on June 23, 2016, voters approved for the United Kingdom ("UK") to exit the European Union ("EU"). A withdrawal agreement negotiated by and between the UK prime minister and the EU was ratified by the UK parliament in December 2019. The UK exited the EU on January 31, 2020. A transition period began and business remained as usual until December 31, 2020. The new Trade and Cooperation Agreement signed by the EU and UK on December 24, 2020 brings little benefits for our dental business, since almost all of our products are already 0% duty rated under the WTO tariffs, and the agreement neither includes any customs or tax simplification regime nor any mutual recognition of medical device regulations of the EU and UK. To mitigate the potential impact of Brexit on the supply of our European goods to the UK, we have adapted our supply chain and financial processes accordingly, and temporarily increased our level of inventory within the UK to ensure that our customers receive our products timely. Our operating companies have begun to work through the new UK regulations to register products with the MHRA (UK's Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency) and meet the future requirements of MHRA for foreign manufacturers of medical devices which become effective on July 1, 2023. The ultimate impact of UK exiting the EU on our financial results is uncertain.

Envista Business Systems

Throughout this discussion, references to sales volume refer to the impact of both price and unit sales and references to productivity improvements generally refer to improved cost-efficiencies resulting from the ongoing application of Envista Business Systems ("EBS"). We believe our deep-rooted commitment to EBS helps drive our market leadership and differentiates us in the dental products industry. EBS encompasses not only lean tools and processes, but also methods for driving growth, innovation and leadership. Within the EBS framework, we pursue a number of ongoing strategic initiatives relating to customer insight generation, product development and commercialization, efficient sourcing, and improvement in manufacturing and back-office support, all with a focus on continually improving quality, delivery, cost, growth and innovation.

Non-GAAP Measures

References to the non-GAAP measure of core sales (also referred to as core revenues or sales/revenues from existing businesses) refer to sales calculated according to GAAP, but excluding:

- sales from acquired businesses for one year from the acquisition date;
- sales from discontinued products; and
- the impact of currency translation.

Sales from discontinued products includes major brands or major products that we have made the decision to discontinue as part of a portfolio restructuring. Discontinued brands or products consist of those which we (1) are no longer manufacturing, (2) are no longer investing in the research or development of, and (3) expect to discontinue all significant sales of within one year from the decision date. The portion of sales attributable to discontinued brands or products is calculated as the net decline of the applicable discontinued brand or product from period-to-period.

The portion of sales attributable to currency translation is calculated as the difference between:

- the period-to-period change in sales; and
- the period-to-period change in sales after applying current period foreign exchange rates to the prior year period.

Core sales growth should be considered in addition to, and not as a replacement for or superior to, sales, and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We believe that reporting the non-GAAP financial measure of core sales growth provides useful information to investors by helping identify underlying growth trends in our on-going business and facilitating comparisons of our sales performance with our performance in prior and future periods and to our peers. We also use core sales growth to measure our operating and financial performance. We exclude sales from discontinued products because discontinued products do not have a continuing contribution to operations and management believes that excluding such items provides investors with a means of evaluating our on-going operations and facilitates comparisons to our peers. We exclude the effect of currency translation from core sales because currency translation is not under our control, is subject to volatility and can obscure underlying business trends.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

All comparisons, variances, increases or decreases discussed below are for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 compared to the three and six months ended July 3, 2020.

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended					
	July 2, 2021		July 3, 2020		% Change	
Sales	\$ 740.1	100.0%	\$ 362.0	100.0%	104.4 %	
Cost of sales	328.2	44.3%	211.5	58.4%	55.2 %	
Gross profit	411.9	55.7%	150.5	41.6%	173.7 %	
Operating costs:						
Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses	283.1	38.3%	241.9	66.8%	17.0 %	
Research and development (“R&D”) expenses	30.3	4.1%	16.5	4.6%	83.6 %	
Operating profit (loss)	98.5	13.3%	(107.9)	(29.8)%	(191.3)%	
Nonoperating income (expense):						
Other income	0.3	—%	0.1	—%	NM	
Interest expense, net	(13.6)	(1.8)%	(14.5)	(4.0)%	(6.2)%	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	85.2	11.5%	(122.3)	(33.8)%	(169.7)%	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(4.9)	(0.7)%	(28.8)	(8.0)%	(83.0)%	
Net income (loss)	\$ 90.1	12.2%	\$ (93.5)	(25.8)%	(196.4)%	
Effective tax rate	(5.8)%		23.5 %			

(\$ in millions)	Six Months Ended					
	July 2, 2021		July 3, 2020		% Change	
Sales	\$ 1,449.3	100.0%	\$ 909.2	100.0%	59.4 %	
Cost of sales	640.1	44.2%	480.3	52.8%	33.3 %	
Gross profit	809.2	55.8%	428.9	47.2%	88.7 %	
Operating costs:						
SG&A expenses	542.0	37.4%	510.6	56.2%	6.1 %	
R&D expenses	60.4	4.2%	51.2	5.6%	18.0 %	
Operating profit (loss)	206.8	14.3%	(132.9)	(14.6)%	(255.6)%	
Nonoperating income (expense):						
Other income	0.6	—%	0.2	—%	NM	
Interest expense, net	(31.6)	(2.2)%	(17.8)	(2.0)%	77.5 %	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	175.8	12.1%	(150.5)	(16.6)%	(216.8)%	
Income tax expense (benefit)	14.0	1.0%	(39.8)	(4.4)%	(135.2)%	
Net income (loss)	\$ 161.8	11.2%	\$ (110.7)	(12.2)%	(246.2)%	
Effective tax rate	8.0 %		26.4 %			

GAAP Reconciliation

Sales and Core Sales Growth

	% Change Three Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period	% Change Six Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period
Total sales growth (GAAP)	104.4 %	59.4 %
Less the impact of:		
Discontinued products	1.9 %	2.6 %
Currency exchange rates	(4.0)%	(3.4)%
Core sales growth (non-GAAP)	<u>102.3 %</u>	<u>58.6 %</u>

For the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, sales and core sales increased in the majority of the markets in which we operate as demand increased due to more patients seeking dental care with more dental offices being open compared to 2020. Sales and core sales for the three and six months ended July 3, 2020, were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sales for the three months ended July 2, 2021 increased 104.4% compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price positively impacted sales growth by 0.2% on period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 100.2% due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America, Western Europe, Japan and Australia. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to an increase in Russia and China.

Sales for the six months ended July 2, 2021 increased 59.4% compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price positively impacted sales growth by 0.3% on period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 55.7% due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America, Western Europe, Japan and Australia. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to China and Russia.

Core sales growth for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 increased 102.3% and 58.6%, respectively, compared to the comparable periods in 2020. Core sales increased primarily due to higher volume and product mix. Core sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America, Western Europe, Japan and Australia. Core sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to Russia and China.

COST OF SALES AND GROSS PROFIT

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales	\$ 740.1	\$ 362.0	\$ 1,449.3	\$ 909.2
Cost of sales	328.2	211.5	640.1	480.3
Gross profit	<u>\$ 411.9</u>	<u>\$ 150.5</u>	<u>\$ 809.2</u>	<u>\$ 428.9</u>
Gross profit margin	55.7 %	41.6 %	55.8 %	47.2 %

The increase in cost of sales during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable periods in 2020, was primarily due to higher sales as a result of higher demand as patients sought dental care with more dental offices being open compared to 2020, partially offset by improved sales mix, lower restructuring expenses and incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods.

The increase in gross profit margin during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable periods in 2020, was primarily due to higher sales volume, improved product mix, lower restructuring expenses and incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods.

OPERATING EXPENSES

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales	\$ 740.1	\$ 362.0	\$ 1,449.3	\$ 909.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 283.1	\$ 241.9	\$ 542.0	\$ 510.6
Research and development expenses	\$ 30.3	\$ 16.5	\$ 60.4	\$ 51.2
SG&A as a % of sales	38.3 %	66.8 %	37.4 %	56.2 %
R&D as a % of sales	4.1 %	4.6 %	4.2 %	5.6 %

The decrease in SG&A expenses as a percentage of sales for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable periods of 2020, was primarily due to higher sales, lower restructuring expenses and incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods, partially offset by higher sales, marketing and administrative spend.

The decrease in R&D expenses as a percentage of sales for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable periods of 2020, was primarily due to the increase in sales, offset by increased spending on product development initiatives.

OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit margin was 13.3% and 14.3% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, respectively, as compared to an operating loss margin of 29.8% and 14.6% for the comparable periods of 2020, respectively. The increase in operating profit margin was primarily due to higher sales volume and improved product mix, lower restructuring expenses, incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods, partially offset by higher sales, marketing and administrative spend.

OTHER INCOME

The other components of net periodic benefit costs included in other income, were \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, respectively.

INTEREST COSTS AND FINANCING

Interest costs were \$13.6 million and \$14.5 million for the three months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, respectively, and \$31.6 million and \$17.8 million for the six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020, respectively. The increase in interest expense for the six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable period in 2020, is primarily due to our higher outstanding debt balances throughout the period, including \$12.7 million in interest expense related to the Notes, which were issued in May 2020.

INCOME TAXES

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Effective tax rate	(5.8)%	23.5 %	8.0 %	26.4 %

Our effective tax rates of (5.8)% and 8.0% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, respectively, was lower compared to the comparable periods in 2020 primarily due to an income tax benefit from the recognition of an amortizable deferred tax asset associated with the estimated value of a tax basis step-up of certain Swiss assets and a decrease in the valuation allowance related to Swiss net operating losses.

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

For the three months ended July 2, 2021, comprehensive income was \$105.1 million as compared to comprehensive loss of \$60.1 million for the comparable period of 2020. For the six months ended July 2, 2021, comprehensive income was \$124.7 million as compared to comprehensive loss of \$123.0 million for the comparable period of 2020. The increase for the three months ended July 2, 2021 was primarily due to net income generated in the current period compared to a net loss in the prior year period. The increase for the six months ended July 2, 2021 was primarily due to net income generated in the current period compared to a net loss in the prior year period, partially offset by higher foreign currency translation losses.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Specialty Products & Technologies

Our Specialty Products & Technologies segment develops, manufactures and markets dental implant systems, dental prosthetics and associated treatment software and technologies, as well as orthodontic bracket systems, aligners and lab products.

Specialty Products & Technologies Selected Financial Data

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales	\$ 386.2	\$ 184.6	\$ 752.7	\$ 457.2
Operating profit (loss)	\$ 74.1	\$ (19.2)	\$ 154.6	\$ (11.4)
Operating profit (loss) as a % of sales	19.2 %	(10.4)%	20.5 %	(2.5)%

Sales and Core Sales Growth

	% Change Three Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period	% Change Six Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period
Total sales growth (GAAP)	109.2 %	64.6 %
Less the impact of:		
Discontinued products	— %	(0.1)%
Currency exchange rates	(4.4)%	(3.8)%
Core sales growth (non-GAAP)	104.8 %	60.7 %

Sales

For the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, sales and core sales increased in the majority of the markets in which we operate as demand increased due to more patients seeking dental care with more dental offices being open compared to 2020. Sales and core sales for the three and six months ended July 3, 2020 were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sales for the three months ended July 2, 2021 increased 109.2%, compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price negatively impacted sales growth by 0.6% on a period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 105.4% due to higher volume and product mix as demand improved for implant systems and orthodontic products. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to China and Russia.

Sales for the six months ended July 2, 2021 increased 64.6%, compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price negatively impacted sales growth by 0.3% on a period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 61.1% due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix as demand improved for implant systems and orthodontic products. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to China and Russia.

Core sales for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, increased 104.8% and 60.7%, respectively, compared to the comparable periods in 2020 primarily due to higher volume and product mix as demand improved for implant systems and orthodontic products. Core sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Core sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to China and Russia.

Operating Profit

Operating profit margin was 19.2% and 20.5% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, respectively, as compared to an operating profit margin of (10.4)% and (2.5)% for the comparable periods of 2020. The increase in operating profit margin was primarily due to higher sales volume and improved product mix, lower restructuring expenses, incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods, partially offset by higher sales and marketing spend.

EQUIPMENT & CONSUMABLES

Our Equipment & Consumables segment develops, manufactures and markets dental equipment and supplies used in dental offices, including digital imaging systems, software and other visualization/magnification systems; handpieces and associated consumables; treatment units and other dental practice equipment; endodontic systems and related consumables; restorative materials and instruments, rotary burs, impression materials, bonding agents and cements and infection prevention products.

Equipment & Consumables Selected Financial Data

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Sales	\$ 353.9	\$ 177.4	\$ 696.6	\$ 452.0
Operating profit (loss)	\$ 57.0	\$ (53.8)	\$ 115.6	\$ (73.1)
Operating profit (loss) as a % of sales	16.1 %	(30.3)%	16.6 %	(16.2)%

Sales and Core Sales Growth

	% Change Three Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period	% Change Six Month Period Ended July 2, 2021 vs. Comparable 2020 Period
Total sales growth (GAAP)	99.5 %	54.1 %
Less the impact of:		
Discontinued products	4.0 %	5.4 %
Currency exchange rates	(3.6)%	(3.0)%
Core sales growth (non-GAAP)	99.9 %	56.5 %

Sales

For the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, sales and core sales increased in the majority of the markets in which we operate as demand increased due to more patients seeking dental care with more dental offices being open compared to 2020. Sales and core sales for the three and six months ended July 3, 2020 were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sales for the three months ended July 2, 2021 increased 99.5% compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price positively impacted sales growth by 0.9% on a period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 95.0% due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix as demand improved for equipment and consumables. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to Russia and Eastern Europe, partially offset by lower sales in China and Brazil.

Sales for the six months ended July 2, 2021 increased 54.1% compared to the comparable period in 2020. Price positively impacted sales growth by 0.8% on a period-over-period basis. Sales increased by 50.3% due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix as demand improved for equipment and consumables. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to Russia, Eastern Europe and China, partially offset by lower sales in Brazil.

Core sales growth for the three months ended July 2, 2021 increased 99.9%, compared to the comparable period in 2020. Core sales increased primarily due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix as demand improved for equipment and consumables. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to Russia and Eastern Europe, partially offset by lower sales in China.

Core sales growth for the six months ended July 2, 2021 increased 56.5%, compared to the comparable period in 2020. Core sales increased primarily due to higher volume, including the impact of discontinued products and product mix as demand improved for equipment and consumables. Sales in developed markets increased primarily due to an increase in North America and Western Europe. Sales in emerging markets increased primarily due to Russia, Eastern Europe and China.

Operating Profit

Operating profit margin was 16.1% and 16.6% for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, respectively, as compared to an operating profit margin of (30.3)% and (16.2)% for the comparable periods of 2020. The increase in operating profit margin was primarily due to higher sales volume, improved product mix, lower restructuring expenses, incremental period-over-period savings associated with restructuring and productivity improvement actions taken in prior periods, partially offset by higher sales and marketing spend.

INFLATION

The effect of inflation on our sales and net income (loss) was not significant for the three and six months ended July 2, 2021 and July 3, 2020.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We assess our liquidity in terms of our ability to generate cash to fund our operating and investing activities. We continue to generate substantial cash from operating activities and believe that our operating cash flow and other sources of liquidity are sufficient to allow us to manage our capital structure on a short-term and long-term basis and continue investing in existing businesses and consummating strategic acquisitions.

Following is an overview of our cash flows and liquidity:

Overview of Cash Flows and Liquidity

	Six Months Ended	
	July 2, 2021	July 3, 2020
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 137.3	\$ (57.6)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	\$ —	\$ (40.7)
Payments for additions to property, plant and equipment	(28.5)	(21.4)
All other investing activities	5.7	7.7
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (22.8)	\$ (54.4)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes	\$ —	\$ 517.5
Payment of debt issuance and other deferred financing costs	(2.3)	(17.3)
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	—	249.8
Repayment of borrowings	(475.6)	(0.1)
Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible senior notes	—	(20.7)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	13.8	5.0
All other financing activities	1.0	(1.1)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$ (463.1)	\$ 733.1

Operating Activities

Cash flows from operating activities can fluctuate significantly from period-to-period for working capital needs and the timing of payments for income taxes, restructuring activities, pension funding and other items impacting reported cash flows.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$137.3 million during the six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to cash used in operating activities of \$57.6 million for the comparable period of 2020. The increase was primarily due to higher net income and changes in accrued liabilities, partially offset by lower cash provided by working capital.

Investing Activities

Cash flows relating to investing activities consist primarily of cash used for capital expenditures and acquisitions. Capital expenditures are made primarily for increasing capacity, replacing equipment, supporting new product development and improving information technology systems.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased by \$31.6 million for the six months ended July 2, 2021, as compared to the comparable period in 2020. The decrease was primarily due to no acquisition activity in the current period, partially offset by higher purchases of property, plant and equipment. Matricel was acquired on January 21, 2020, for \$40.7 million, net of acquired cash.

Financing Activities and Indebtedness

Cash flows relating to financing activities consist primarily of cash flows associated with debt borrowings and the issuance of common stock.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$463.1 million during the six months ended July 2, 2021, compared to \$733.1 million provided by financing activities for the comparable period of 2020. In February 2021, we repaid \$472.0 million of the Euro Term Loan Facility in connection with an amendment to the Credit Agreement. In March 2020, we borrowed the full amount available under the Revolving Credit Facility and in May of 2020, we issued the Notes and received net proceeds of \$502.5 million. In connection with the issuance of the Notes we purchased the Capped Calls for \$20.7 million.

For a description of our outstanding debt as of July 2, 2021, refer to Note 12 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

We intend to satisfy any short-term liquidity needs that are not met through operating cash flow and available cash primarily through our Revolving Credit Facility.

As of July 2, 2021, we had no borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Cash and Cash Requirements

As of July 2, 2021, we held \$553.9 million of cash and cash equivalents that were held on deposit with financial institutions. Of this amount, \$211.3 million was held within the United States and \$342.6 million was held outside of the United States. We will continue to have cash requirements to support working capital needs, capital expenditures and acquisitions, pay interest and service debt, pay taxes and any related interest or penalties, fund our restructuring activities and pension plans as required and support other business needs. We generally intend to use available cash and internally generated funds to meet these cash requirements, but in the event that additional liquidity is required, particularly in connection with acquisitions, we may need to enter into new credit facilities or access the capital markets. We may also access the capital markets from time to time to take advantage of favorable interest rate environments or other market conditions. However, there is no guarantee that we will be able to obtain alternative sources of financing on commercially reasonable terms or at all. See “Item 1A. Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business” in our 2020 10-K.

While repatriation of some cash held outside the United States may be restricted by local laws, most of our foreign cash could be repatriated to the United States. Following enactment of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017 (“TCJA”) and the associated transition tax, in general, repatriation of cash to the United States can be completed with no incremental U.S. tax; however, repatriation of cash could subject us to non-U.S. jurisdictional taxes on distributions. The cash that our non-U.S. subsidiaries hold for indefinite reinvestment is generally used to finance foreign operations and investments, including acquisitions. The income taxes, if any, applicable to such earnings including basis differences in our foreign subsidiaries are not readily determinable. As of July 2, 2021, we believe that we have sufficient sources of liquidity to satisfy our cash needs, including our cash needs in the United States.

Contractual Obligations

There were no material changes to our contractual obligations during the three and six months ended July 2, 2021, other than the repayment of \$472.0 million of the Euro Term Loan Facility. For a discussion of our contractual obligations, refer to “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Contractual Obligations” in the 2020 10-K.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There were no material changes to the Company’s off-balance sheet arrangements described in the 2020 10-K that would have a material impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Debt Financing Transactions

For a description of our outstanding debt as of July 2, 2021, refer to Note 12 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

There were no material changes to our critical accounting estimates described in the 2020 10-K that have had a material impact on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business is highly uncertain and difficult to predict. If actual results are not consistent with management’s estimates and assumptions used for valuation allowances, contingencies, potential impairments, revenue recognition and income taxes, the related account balances may be overstated or understated and a charge or credit to net income (loss) may be required.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk appear in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures About Market Risk,” in our 2020 10-K. There were no material changes to this information reported in our 2020 10-K during the quarter ended July 2, 2021.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended July 2, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There have been no material changes to legal proceedings from our 2020 10-K. For additional information regarding legal proceedings, refer to “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Legal Proceedings” in our 2020 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our 2020 10-K and in Part II, “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 2, 2021 (the “Q1 10-Q”), which could materially affect our business, financial position, or future results of operations. The risks described in our 2020 10-K and Q1 10-Q, are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial position, or future results of operations. The risk factors set forth below update, and should be read together with, the risk factors described in our 2020 10-K and Q1 10-Q.

We have outstanding indebtedness of approximately \$1.4 billion, and in the future we may incur additional indebtedness. This indebtedness could adversely affect our businesses and our ability to meet our obligations.

As of July 30, 2021, we had outstanding indebtedness of approximately \$1.4 billion, including approximately \$896.8 million under our Amended Credit Agreement, \$517.5 million under the Notes, and had an additional \$750.0 million of borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility pursuant to the Amended Credit Agreement, with the ability to request further increases to the Revolving Credit Facility up to \$350.0 million.

Please refer to Note 12 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report. This debt could have important, adverse consequences to us and our security holders, including:

- increasing our vulnerability to adverse economic and industry conditions;
- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing;
- requiring the dedication of a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to service our indebtedness, which will reduce the amount of cash available for other purposes;
- limiting our flexibility to plan for, or react to, changes in our businesses and industries;
- diluting the interests of our existing stockholders as a result of issuing shares of our common stock upon conversion of the Notes; and
- placing us at a possible competitive disadvantage with competitors that are less leveraged than us or have better access to capital.

Our business may not generate sufficient funds, and we may otherwise be unable to maintain sufficient cash reserves, to pay amounts due under our indebtedness, and our cash needs may increase in the future. The Amended Credit Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit our ability to engage in activities that may be in our long-term interest, including for example EBITDA-based leverage and interest coverage ratios. If we breach any of these restrictions and cannot obtain a waiver from the lenders on favorable terms, subject to applicable cure periods, the outstanding indebtedness (and any other indebtedness with cross-default provisions) could be declared immediately due and payable, which would adversely affect our liquidity and financial statements.

The risks described above will increase with the amount of indebtedness we incur, and in the future we may incur significant indebtedness in addition to the indebtedness described above.

The price of our common stock may continue to be volatile.

We have a limited trading history and there may be wide fluctuations in the market value of our common stock as a result of many factors. From our IPO through July 30, 2021, the sales price of our common stock as reported by the NYSE has ranged from a low sales price of \$10.08 on March 19, 2020 to a high sales price of \$46.52 on May 7, 2021. Factors that may cause the market price of our common stock to fluctuate, some of which may be beyond our control, include:

- our quarterly or annual earnings, or those of other companies in our industry;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results;

- changes in earnings estimated by securities analysts or our ability to meet those estimates;
- the operating and stock price performance of other comparable companies;
- changes to the regulatory and legal environment in which we operate;
- market and business conditions related to COVID-19;
- overall market fluctuations and domestic and worldwide economic conditions; and
- other factors described in our 2020 10-K and in this Quarterly Report.

Stock markets in general have experienced volatility recently that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of a particular company. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. In the past, periods of volatility in the overall market and the market price of a company's securities have often been followed by securities litigation brought against these companies. Such litigation, if instituted against us, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Envista Holdings Corporation
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Envista Holdings Corporation (inclusive of all amendments through April 7, 2020) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 3, 2020, Commission File No. 001-39054)
10.1	Amended Credit Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2021, by and among Envista Holdings Corporation, each Guarantor party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, L/C Issuer and Swing Line Lender, and the other Lenders party thereto. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2021, Commission File No. 001-39054)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 3, 2021

ENVISTA HOLDINGS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Howard H. Yu

Howard H. Yu

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer

Date: August 3, 2021

By: /s/ Kari-Lyn Moore

Kari-Lyn Moore

Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer